THE

Bombay Gazette.

No. 55,376—NEW SERIES, BOMBAY:—MONDAY, JULY 3, 1911. PRICE: ONE ANNA

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON

WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Date of Sailing.	Steamer.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
7th July	SALSETTE	6000	MACEDONIA..	10512
15th „	ARABIA	7933	....	....
22nd „	SALSETTE	6000	MARMORA....	10509
29th „	EGYPT	7913	....	....
5th Aug	SALSETTE	6000	INDIA	7911
12th „	PERSIA	7951	....	....
19th „	SALSETTE	6000	MOLDAVIA ..	9500
26th „	CALEDONIA	7553	....	....
2nd Sept	SALSETTE	6000	MOREA	10500
9th „	OCEANA	6810	....	....
16th „	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA .	9505
23rd „	ARABIA	7933	....	....
30th „	SALSETTE	6000	MOOLTAN	9521
7th Octr	EGYPT	7913	....	....
14th „	SALSETTE	6000	MALWA	10883
21st „	PERSIA	7951	....	....
28th „	MANTUA b	10885	CHINA	7332

All the above Mail Steamers are fitted with WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

The above Steamers convey Passengers to Marseilles, Plymouth and London.

Passengers for Brindisi tranship to a connecting Steamer at Port Said.

a This Steamer will call at BRINDISI.

b The "MANTUA" proceeds direct to LONDON via MALTA and passengers for MARSEILLES tranship at PORTSAID to the "CHINA."

Tenders leave the CARNAC BUNDER on day of sailing. All passengers must attend at that place @ 1 P. M. for Medical Inspection by the Health Officer of the Port.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AUSTRALIA AND NEWZEALAND.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly (usually on WEDNESDAYS, taking Passengers for the Straits, China and Japan, and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

For Accommodation and further information, apply to

W. C. SYMES,
Superintendent.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & CO.,

BANKERS, ARMY, & PASSENGER AGENTS
BOMBAY.

PASSAGE & SHIPPING.

PASSAGES	Booked without charge,
BERTHS	Carefully Selected,
STEAMER PLANS	Sent for Inspection,
HANDBOOK	Giving details of Fares, Sailings, &c., gratis,
BAGGAGE	Shipped and Insured,
PASSENGERS	Met on arrival,
CALCUTTA:	GRINDLAY & Co.
LONDON:	GRINDLAY & Co.

SOCIETA NAZIONALE DI SERVIZI MARITTIMI (RUBATTINO LINE.)

BOMBAY to NAPLES and GENOA direct.

FOR BRINDISI and VENICE Transhipping at PORT SAID.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
D. Baldnino.	4,580	D. Maganzine.	15th July 1911
R.Rubattino.	4,580	L. Manchini	15th Aug. 1911
D. Baldnino,	4,580	D. Maganzine.	15th Sept. 1911

RATES TO THE ABOVE PORTS INCLUSIVE OF WINE, BEER AND FANS.

	1st Class	2nd Class	3rd Class
Single Tickets	Rs. 500	Rs. 350	Rs. 165
Return Tickets available two years	Rs. 750*	Rs. 525	Rs. 247-8

*Inside Cabins, Rs. 400 Single and Rs. 600 Return.

Through and Return Tickets to LONDON on application.

Through tickets to New York in connection at Naples, or Genoa. 1st Class, Rs. 740; Special Rates for Missionaries. Passengers for Europe have the option of going via Genoa and returning via Venice or vice versa, and can break their journey at any port en route.

INTERCHANGEABLE RETURN TICKETS are issued to return either by the Messageries Maritimes from Marseilles or by the Austrian Lloyd from Trieste.

BOMBAY TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
Ischia	6,000	G. Belsito	16th July 1911
Capri	6,000	P. Figari	16th Aug. 1911
Ischia	6,000	G. Belsito	16th Sept. 1911

Fares to COLOMBO Rs. 75, to PENANG Rs. 140 to ..... to SINGAPORE Rs. 165 and to HONGKONG Rs. 220.

Through bills of lading for Mediterranean Black Sea, and American Ports issued, subject to alterations.

For further particulars apply to—

G. DEGROSSI,
Agent.

Elphinstone Circle.

BOMBAY AMERICAN LINE.

DIRECT SAILINGS MONTHLY.

TAKING CARGO FOR NEW YORK, BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA, OR BALTIMORE.

For further particulars regarding freight, etc., apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
TURNER MORRISON & Co.,
Agents.

TO PARENTS.

COMFORTABLE HOME for CHILDREN of Anglo-Indians. Every care and attention. Best Schools near. Terms Moderate, Reference kindly permitted to Mr. D. M. INGLIS, of Messrs. James Finlay & Co., Ltd, Bombay, and Mr. R. KENNEDY, 35, Marine Lines Bombay.

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LD.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS:—

FOR KARACHI.

Weekly from Victoria Dock.

Steamer,	Tons,	Sailing. Date.	Time.	Route via.
Dumra	1695	Thurs. 6th July	9 a.m.	direct.
Lhasa	2184	Fri. 7th July	6 a.m.†	direct,

†Or later on arrival of English Mail Steamer.

FOR KARACHI AND BUSREH (Weekly).

S. S. "Dumra," 1695 tons, on Thursday, 6th July calling (for Mails and Passengers) at Muscat, Linga, Bushire, Mahomera, also taking Passengers and cargo on through bookings to Ahwaz and Baghdad.

FOR PERSIAN GULF PORTS.

S. S. "Palamcotta," 3413 tons, sailing on or about Wednesday, 5th July, calling at Karachi, Pasni, Gwadur, Charbar, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Dubai, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire, Koweit, Mahomerah and Buareh.

FOR EAST AND SOUTH AFRICA. (Monthly.)

S. S. "Parnea," 3306 tons, sailing on or about Thursday 13th July, calling at Seychelles, Mombasa, Zanzibar, Mozambique, Beira, Delagoa Bay and Durban.

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "Landaura," 3309 tons, sailing on or about 15th July.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct),

Frequent sailings, for particulars of which, also as to onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius, Australia, and New Zealand,

Apply to

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.,
Agents, BOMBAY.

3rd July, 1911.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES,

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captain.	To Sail on THURSDAY
Sydney	4,118	Sellier	6th July 1911.
Salazie	4,147	Riquier	3rd Aug. 1911.
Ville de la Ciotat	6,378	Eschenauer	31st Aug. 1911.
Australien	6,365	Mouton	28th Sept. 1911.
Nera	5,533	Casanova	26th Oct. 1911.
Yarra	4,142	...	21st Dec. 1911

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS.

RETURN TICKETS can be made available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the Return Voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's or the Navigations General Italiana's at Reduced Fares.

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT AND THE FAR EAST, TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on or about
Australien	6,365	Mouton	14th July.
Nera	5,538	Casanova	11th Aug.

For further particulars apply to—

J. de COURTOIS,
Albert Building Hornby Road. Agent.

ANCHOR LINE.

REGULAR SAILING FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

The following SAILINGS have been arranged:—
ANCHOR LINE SAILINGS.

HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON, 1911.

Steamer.	Tonnage.	Captain.	Leave Bombay.
Circassia	6716	C F Osborne R N R	11th July 1911.
Scindia	5106	Wm. Kelso	23rd „ „
Castalia	6388	J. Hamilton	8th Aug. „
Elysia	6353	W. Robertson	21st „ „
Massilia	5091	J. Thomson	8th Sept. „
Olympia	5124	G. Mitchell	23rd „ „
Circassia	6716	C F Osborne R N R	9th Oct. „
Scindia	5106	Wm. Kelso	21st „ „
Castalia	6388	A. Haig	18th „ „
Massilia	5091	J. Thomson	4th Nov. „
Olympia	5124	G. Mitchell	20th „ „
Circassia	6716	C. F. Osborne R.N.R.	3rd Dec. „
Scindia	5106	W. Kelso	23rd „ „
Castalia	6388	J. Hamilton	7th Jan. 1912

HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON 1912.

			Leave Bombay about.
Elysia	6368	A. Haig	26th Feb. 1912
Massilia	5091	J. Thomson	9th Mar. „
Olympia	5124	G. Mitchell	24th „ „
Circassia	6716	C.F. Osborne R.N.R.	8th Apr. „
Scindia	5106	Wm. Kelso	23rd „ „
Castalia	6388	J. Hamilton	4th May „
Elysia	6368	A. Haig	17th „ „
Massilia	5091	J. Thomson	3rd June „

Schedule of the revised rates of fares from Bombay Homeward ports by the Anchor Line steamers:—

	Single.	Return
Bombay to Suez	Rs. 413	627
Bombay to Portsaid	„ 446	677
Bombay to Marseilles and back from Liverpool	„ 578	924
Bombay to London Overland from Marseilles and back from Liverpool.	„ 653	999
Bombay to Gibraltar	„ 590	891
Bombay to Liverpool	„ 605	957
Bombay to New York	„ 803	1,340
Bombay to Cairo, including train fare from Suez	„ 446	

All return tickets are available for 2 years.

Concessions granted to families, Railway employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea planters, &c.

Each steamer carries a duly qualified surgeon and experienced Stewardess and is fitted with every comfort.

All steamers have electric lights and electric fans in every cabin free of charge.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of steamer, provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

The advertised rates to Europe include a passage by B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer between Karachi and Bombay

For any further information regarding passage apply to the undersigned.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
AGENTS, Bombay

JOB PRINTING—Apply at the "Bombay Gazette" Electric Printing Works 2 Green Street Fort.

11 Gold Medals awarded.
Number of inventions patented

HARICHAND MANCHARAM & SON,

MANUFACTURERS OF FIRE,

FALL & BURGLAR PROOF SAFES,

LOCKS AND STRONG ROOMS.

OURS is the OLDEST FIRM in India of its kind.

Fireproof composition under the Supervision of the famous scientist, Prof. T. K. Gajjar, M. A., B. Sc., F. C. S.

The inspection of our wares is respectfully invited

HEAD OFFICE AND SHOWROOM:—
HUMMUM STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

BANKS.

COX & CO.,

BANKERS AND AGENTS.

BOMBAY, RAWAL PINDI, KARACHI, MURREE, AND SRINAGAR (KASHMIR).

BANKING BUSINESS of every description transacted,
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received, rates of INTEREST to be obtained upon application.
SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS opened, terms on application.
LETTERS OF CREDIT issued, and DRAFTS granted on London at the Current Rate of Exchange, and on Branches and Agencies throughout India.
TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES made and ADDRESSES Registered in London free of charge.
INSURANCES of every description effected.
SHIPPING, PASSAGE AND AGENCY BUSINESS of every description, including IMPORT and EXPORT of CARGO and BAGGAGE, with STORAGE of Baggage and other goods, effected by COX'S SHIPPING AGENCY, Limited, in connection with Messrs Cox & Co., SAILING LISTS and HANDBOOK supplied on application.
A copy of the half yearly Balance Sheet will be forwarded on application.

HEAD OFFICE:
16, CHARING CROSS, LONDON, S. W.

INTERNATIONAL BANKING CORPORATION.

HEAD OFFICE: NEW YORK.

Capital paid up.....Gold $ 3,250,000,000
RESERVE FUND and undivided profits.....Gold $ 3,460,398,39

LONDON OFFICE: 36, Bishopsgate, E.C.—

BRANCHES:

Bombay,	Cebu,	San Francisco,
Calcutta,	Shanghai,	Washington,
Singapore,	Hankow,	Mexico,
Hongkong,	Peking,	Panama,
Canton,	Yokohama,	Colon.
Manila.	Kobe,	Empire.

THE CORPORATION sells drafts and cable transfers on the principal cities of Europe, America, Australia, China and Japan, buys Bills of Exchange, issues Letters of Credit, and carries on every description of Banking and Exchange business.

CURRENT DEPOSITS ACCOUNTS opened on which interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000.

FIXED DEPOSITS received for 12 months on which interest is allowed at 4½ per cent. per annum and for shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

H. A. W. BRENT,
Ag. Manager.

BOMBAY OFFICE,
42-43, Church Gate Street.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK LD.

ESTABLISHED 1880.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	... Yen. 48,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL	... „ 24,000,000
RESERVE FUNDS...	... „ 16,850,000

HEAD OFFICE:—YOKOHAMA.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES AT:—

Antung-Hsien	Nagasaki
Bombay	Newchwang
Changchun	New York
Dairen (Dalny)	Osaka
Hankow	Peking
Hongkong	Byojun (Port Arthur)
Honolulu	San Francisco
Kobe	Shanghai
Liaoyang	Tiehling
London	Tientsin
Lyons	Tokyo
Fengtien (Mukden)	

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers, and interest is allowed at two per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 upto Rs. 100,000, provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5,

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted,

N. IGARASHI,
Manager.

Post Box No. 207,
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL.... £ 2,000,000
PAID UP CAPITAL..... £ 1,000,000
RESERVE FUND..... £ 800,000

HEAD OFFICE:
26, BISHOPSGATE, LONDON E. C.
BRANCHES:

Calcutta,	Cochin,	Zanzibar,
Bombay,	Chittagong,	Mombasa,
Madras,	Rangoon,	Nairobi,
Karachi,	Mandalay,	Nakuru,
Lahore	Colombo,	Kisumu.
Amritsar,	Kandy	Jinja,
Delhi,	Nawara-Eliya,	Kampala,
Cawnpore	Aden (Camp.)	Entebbe.
Tuticorin,	Aden, (Steamer Point)	

FIXED DEPOSITS.—The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE, payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Africa, and Australia purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America, and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares and receive same for safe custody, realising Interest and Dividends when due.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.

Post Box No. 141, BOMBAY,
W. J. K. HEGARTY
Acting Manager.

QUALITY.

IF we had the power to convince those who have a special weakness for purchasing everything that is advertised at a low price and which is thought to be CHEAP on that account, believing perhaps, like Mr. Dooley, that "Quality is what th' manufacthurrer throws in with his goods for a prisint to ye", we would be helping to prevent great public waste of money. Quality with us, is also associated with economy in price to a limited point, but the chief feature which is always prominently before us is a satisfactory product, a product of character, a product which will relieve the mind of the purchaser of all doubt or uncertainty in regard to his purchase, a quality-production which naturally means completion in excellence and embodying accuracy, durability and refined finish. It is by these studied conditions that we have been able to establish a high character for the quality of our watches, clocks, jewellery, etc., any one article of which to a purchaser becomes an absolute souvenir for a life-time as the best value for money paid.

Our object has never been to aim at introducing something that will "sell" at a low price, because of that something being a crude imitation of something superior which commands a higher value. We leave the degenerate side of this sort of trade with bazaar dealers.

We assure you that all your orders will receive our best attention.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,

BOMBAY AND POONA.

THE ITALIAN STORES.

C. COLONNELLO SON & Co.

MERCHANTS AND CONTRACTORS,
105, MEDOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

"ATTENTION," "ATTENTION."

LARGE STOCK OF

SINGAPORE

CANE CHAIRS, SETTIES, TABLES AND EASY CHAIRS

have now arrived.

An early visit requested for a pick of good and well-designed of these articles.

A TEMPERANCE COCKTAIL!

The drink YOU NEED this Hot Weather is a "VITALIA" Cocktail

A Pleasant, Refreshing, Stimulating drink, containing the new Life Food "VITALIA."

Ask for it at

MONGINI BROTHERS,

25-27-29, Church Gate Street, BOMBAY.

VETARZO BRAIN AND NERVE FOOD.

Agents for India:—TREACHER AND CO., LTD. BOMBAY, BYCULLA, and POONA.

This remarkable compound, the result of the latest developments and achievements of modern chemistry, pharmacology, and therapeutics, is without equal in all cases of defective nerve power, whether induced by worry, over-work, unhealthy climate, dissipation, excess, youthful imprudence, or other influences incidental to the wear and tear and haste or overstrain of modern life. Sleeplessness, tremblings, palpitation, nervous dyspepsia, low spirits, mental and bodily prostration, muscular and local weakness, general and nervous debility, faulty nutrition, premature decay or deficiency of the vital forces, impaired vitality, harassing dreams, night disturbances, sudden startings, dimness of sight, defective hearing, loss of memory, inability to perform the various duties of life, or to enjoy its pleasures, restlessness that can settle to nothing, irritability of temper, female complaints, hysteria, painful periods, backache, bearing down sensations, nervous headache, wasting disease, night sweats, and all other phases of brain and nerve exhaustion, are successfully combated by this highly scientific preparation. Bracing up the system generally, it gives tone to the exhausted nerves, arrests all weakening wasting discharges, involuntary losses, &c.; restores the failing energies, and imparts new life and vigour to what had so recently seemed worn out, "used up," and valueless.

VETARZO BLOOD MEDICINE.

Never before was there anything like it, nor can its marvellous properties ever be equalled in all cases of poorness, impurity, or other imperfection of the blood from whatever cause arising. No sooner is it imbibed into the system than it permeates and penetrates to the minutest capillaries, overcoming and expelling the virus of disease, wheresoever and in whatsoever form met with—removing all blotches, pimples, scurf, scurvy, scrofulous and glandular swellings, discolorations, roughness and unsightly patches, &c. Its effects are almost magical in the treatment of gout, rheumatism, sciatica, lumbago, pains and swellings of the joints, discharges, secondary symptoms, eczema, lepra, psoriasis, bad legs, bad breasts, abscesses, ulcers, sores, goitre or Derbyshire neck, it improves the general health, and quickly removes long-standing bronchitis, asthma, and hacking, straining, spasmodic cough, too often the precursor of consumption.

CAUTION.—Ask for "VETARZO Brain and Nerve Food," or "VETARZO Blood Medicine," whichever is required, and see that you get them, as unprincipled vendors often try to palm off inferior preparations (usually their own manufacture), for the sake of extra profit. Price in England, 2/9. Every genuine bottle of these medicines bears the British Government Stamp with the words "VETARZO REMEDIES" impressed thereon, in white letters on a red ground, by direction of His Majesty's Hon. Commissioners. Registered Trade Mark "VETARZO." Legal proceedings will be taken against persons pirating.

COMMON SENSE IN A NUTSHELL.—A new medical work on the causes and most scientific and exact means of self-cure ever discovered for nervous exhaustion, depression of spirits, want of zest and energy, &c., with practical observations on marriage and full directions for removing certain disqualifications that destroy the happiness of wedded life. It also treats on urinary derangements, secondary symptoms, stricture, &c., and no sufferer should fail to procure a copy. Post free in plain envelope on receipt of Postal Order Sixpence, from THE VETARZO REMEDIES CO., Gospel Oak, London, or of Agents for above medicines. Price 10 annas Post Free.

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either by car or cycle reaches the acme of comfort only when Dunlop Tyres are fitted. Their extraordinary resilience ensures that silky motion which makes the car or cycle seem to glide on the wind.

Dunlops are economical.

HAVE THE BEST BY SPECIFYING

DUNLOP

Dunlop Tyres are made scientifically to withstand fair and unfair usage.

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150° 150°

"SHELL" BRAND CASE OIL.

SPECIALLY IMPORTED FROM AMERICA

Highest grade LAMP OIL

Rs. 6 per case ex-Godown.

Apply to—

THE ASIATIC PETROLEUM Co., LTD.,

GRAHAM'S BUILDING,
FORT. BOMBAY.

150° 150°

GRIMAULT & Co.'s ENERGICAL SYRUP"

THE BEST NERVINE TONIC FOR BRAIN AND BODY.

IT is prescribed in cases of Nervous Exhaustion, Neurasthenia, Anæmia, Chlorosis to shorten convalescence, loss of manhood, etc.

SOLE AGENTS:

V. C. DASTUR & CO.,

PRINCESS STREET, BOMBAY.

MALARIA, INFLUENZA, AND MILD FORMS OF PLAGUE.

Use BATLIWALLA'S AGUE MIXTURE or PILLS, Rs.1.

BATLIWALLA'S CHOLERAL

Is the only remedy for CHOLERA, Re. 1.

BATLIWALLA'S HARETONE

Has been recently improved a great deal and restores Grey Hair to its Natural Colour, Rs. 3.

BATLIWALLA'S TONIC PILLS.

Cure Nervous Exhaustion and Constitutional Weakness, Rs. 1-8.

BATLIWALLA'S TOOTH POWDER

scientifically made of Native and English Drugs, such as Mayaphal and Carbolic Acid B. P. As. 4.

BATLIWALLA'S RINGWORM OINTMENT

Cures in a day, As. 4 per pot.

SOLD EVERYWHERE and ALSO BY

DR. H. L. BATLIWALLA.

WARLI LABORATORY DADAR, BOMBAY.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

The insertion of Advertisements in the "Bombay Gazette" is not guaranteed unless they are delivered at the office by 6 p.m. on the day preceding that on which they are to appear.

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.

AN ORDINARY MONTHLY MEETING of the Corporation will be held in the Municipal Office, on MONDAY, the 10th July, 1911, at 3 p.m., (Bombay Time), for the consideration of the following business:—

1. Bombay Improvement Trust Memorandum—Forwarding excerpts from the Trustees' Proceedings.
2. Letter from Mrs. Forbes—Thanking the Corporation for their resolution on the death of her husband the late Mr. C. H. B. Forbes.
3. Letter from Mrs. Unwalla—Thanking the Corporation for their Resolution on the death of her husband the late Mr. Ardeshir Framji Unwalla.
4. Notice of Motion from Mr. Ramchandra Bhasker Mantri—For expressing regret at the death of Mr. Janardhan Gopal Mantri.
5. Letter from Mr. Cursondas Balgovindas—Requesting that a 4" water main at Mahim be converted into a 9" one.
6. Letter from Mr. Ganesh Balwant Joshi and other residents of Kumbharwada, Dadar—Complaining of inadequate supply of water.
7. Letter from the Secretaries, Bombay Fire Insurance Association—Suggesting the imposition of restrictions upon the use of lamps in certain godowns.

Resolutions of the Standing Committee—

8. Forwarding a report regarding the adjustment of stores accounts.
9. Recommending the payment of a house-rent allowance at the rate of Rs. 1-8-0 per mensem to Municipal peons.
10. Recommending approval to the acquisition of two plots of land in connection with the extension of Low Level Channel No. II.
11. Recommending that in reply to his letter, regarding the condition of Anant Rishi Lane, Mr. Morarji Veerjee be informed that action is being taken to improve the condition of the lane.
12. Forwarding a report regarding the adjustment of stores accounts.
13. Recommending a grant of Rs. 504-12-0 to meet the cost of purchasing certain self-closing taps.
14—15. Recommending approval to the acquisition of plots of land in connection with the extension of Low Level Channel No. II.
16. Recommending a modification in the Schedule of Fees so as to admit of a semi-permanent awning or canopy being attached or suspended from any wall or portion of buildings abutting on streets having footpaths at a less height than 12 feet.
17. Recommending that in reply to his letter, objecting to the closing of a well at premises No. 39-41, Agiary Street, Mr. Maneksha Hormusji Sukhadvalla be informed that the well should be filled up or hermetically sealed.
18. Recommending a grant of Rs. 12,500 for payment to the B. E. S. and T. Company of the actual charges in respect of the removal of the central poles on the Esplanade and Hornby Roads, and their re-erection at the side of the roads.
19. Forwarding a report regarding the repairing and remodelling of a drain at 2nd and 3rd Falkland Road Cross Lanes.
20. Recommending an advance of Rs. 1,162 for repairing and remodelling a drain at DeLisle Road.
21. Recommending a grant of Rs. 2,000 for constructing a mortuary chapel at the Haines Road Cemetery for the Roman Catholics.
22. Recommending an advance of Rs. 38,359 to meet the cost of widening a portion of Queen's Road.
23. Sanctioning, subject to the Corporation's orders, a budget transfer of Rs. 875 for payment of the passage to the new Executive Engineer from London to Bombay.
24. Recommending a grant of Rs. 1,00,000 to meet the cost of certain waters works.

Notices of Motions—

25—28. (25) From Mr. Jehangir B. Petit, (26) From Sir Bhalchandra Krishna, Kt., (27) From Sir Bhalchandra Krishna, Kt., seconded by Mr. Joseph Baptista, and (28) From Mr. Kazi Kabiruddin—For appointing certain Councillors to be members of certain Committees.

29—30. From Mr. G.O.W. Dunn, (29)—For taking immediate steps for the improvement of the corner at the junction of Pandey Road and Wodehouse Bridge Road; and (30) for requiring the provision of a protecting board or fence during demolition, etc., of buildings on street frontages, etc.

Letters from the Commissioner—

31. Regarding the manner in which private streets are required to be levelled, metalled, etc.
32. Forwarding Government Resolution, confirming the Tramway Bye-Laws as finally approved by the Corporation.
33. Submitting proposals for the grant of study leave to the officers of the Health, Engineering and Financial Departments of the Municipality.
34. Forwarding proposed Water Connection Rules.
35. Reporting with reference to the proposed execution of a Deed of Conveyance and Lease in respect of the setback land at the junction of Kalbadevi Road and Cavel Street, that half the Municipal Solicitors' costs and half the costs of the owner's Solicitors will be borne by the Municipality.
36. Forwarding a return showing hours of water supply to the different localities.
37. Forwarding Analytical and Bacteriological Reports on the Bombay water supplies.
38. Forwarding statements of foodstuff destroyed by the Markets Department.
39. Requesting that the Corporation's decision on the recommendations of the Indian Factory Labour Commission in respect of the education of children working in factories may be expedited.
40. Forwarding a report on the question of lighting the lamps in the City throughout the night on moonlight nights, etc.
41. Requesting sanction to a Rule regarding the payment of conveyance allowance and rewards to the Water Works Inspectors for attendance at fires.
42. Forwarding Government Orders regarding presents for His Majesty the King-Emperor of India on the occasion of the Coronation and the presentation of Addresses to His Majesty in India.
43. Requesting sanction to the Agreement with the Bandra Municipality in respect of the supply of water to Bandra being renewed for a further period of 4 years.
44. Requesting sanction to a revised scale of fees for the disposal of the dead at the Haines Road Cemetery.
45. Submitting a proposal for the appointment of a Deputy Commissioner temporarily for three months.
46. Submitting proposals for the construction of a 20 feet road in extension of Reay Road.
47—48. Letters from the Schools Committee—(47) Forwarding excerpts from the Committee's proceedings; (48) Reporting the arrangement made for carrying on the duties of the Secretary, Schools Committee, during the Secretary's absence on leave.

Notices of Motions.—

49. From Mr. S. C. Dhondy—For obtaining a report regarding the widening of the Khote footpath at Chowpatty.
50—53. (50) From Mr. Ramchandra B. Mantri, (51—52) From Mr. N. V. Mandlik seconded by Dr. Jehangir J. Cursetji, and (53) From Mr. Joseph Baptista—For appointing certain Councillors to be members of certain Committees.
54—55. From Mr. Kazi Kabiruddin—(54) For moving the Bombay Improvement Trust to convert into gardens and recreation grounds plots of land set apart for that purpose in connection with their schemes; and (55) for requesting Government to amend the Municipal Act so as to enable the Corporation to appoint members to act for members of the Standing Committee during their absence on leave.
56—58. Memoranda from the Municipal Secretary—Submitting (56) A Budget transfer sanctioned by the Standing Committee, (57) a list of outstanding reports, and (58) a statement of Committees of the Corporation.

Reports of Committees of the Corporation—

59. Regarding the proposal for closing permanently a portion of Chinch Bunder Road and for making it over to the Bombay Improvement Trust in exchange for a new road.
60. Regarding By-Laws for regulating the construction of horse and bullock stables.
61. Regarding steps to be taken in connection with the Royal visit.
62. Regarding the revision of Pension Rules.
63. Regarding the finances of the Bombay Improvement Trust and the proposed amendment of the Trust Act.

By Order of the President,
R. P. MASANI,
Municipal Secretary.

MUNICIPAL CORPORATION OFFICE,
Bombay, 30th June, 1911.

J. V. NAVLAKHI & Co.,
Cheapest Dealers in
STATIONERY, DRAWING
AND
PAINTING MATERIALS
For Art Students, Artists, Engineers, etc
RUBBER STAMP MAKERS,
KALKADEVI ROAD, BOMBAY.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

CONSIGNEES OF CARGO per P. & O. S. N. Company's s. s. "ARABIA," from LONDON, and INTERMEDIATE PORTS, are hereby informed of the vessel's arrival, and requested to take immediate delivery of their goods landed at No. 12 Shed, Victoria Dock.

Captain Ericson, the Surveyor, will attend every morning, to survey damaged packages. All claims in this respect must be preferred to the undersigned within 7 days from the date of discharge, and Bills should be presented for payment within one month from the steamer's arrival, otherwise they will not be entertained.

No Surveys will be held on bag cargo packed in single gunnies only, or on goods removed from the Landing Shed.

W. C. SYMES,
SUPERINTENDENT,
P. & O. S. N. Co.

NOTICE.

RUSSO-ASIATIC BANK.

A BRANCH of the above Bank will be OPENED at CARLTON HOUSE, Outram Road, on FRIDAY, 14th July, 1911, after which date the Comptoir National d' Escompte de Paris will cease to act as Agents of the said Bank.

G. B. ADAMSON,
Manager.

G. I. P. RAILWAY.

DELHI CORONATION DURBAR.

PASSENGER FARES AND RATES FOR HORSES, CARRIAGES AND MOTOR CARS.

BETWEEN

BOMBAY AND DELHI.

WITH effect from the 1st September, 1911, the following will be the Passenger Fares and Rates for Horses, Carriages and Motor Cars, between Bombay and Delhi, and via :—

PASSENGER FARES.

SINGLE JOURNEY.	Rs. a.	RETURN JOURNEY.	Rs. a.
First Class ...	66 3	First Class ...	125 12
Second Class ...	33 2	Second Class ...	62 14
Third Class ...	8 12		

RATES FOR HORSES, CARRIAGES AND MOTOR CARS.

SINGLE JOURNEY.	Rs. a	RETURN JOURNEY.	Rs. a.
First Horse ...	107 10	First Horse ...	161 7
Each additional horse	53 13	Each additional horse	80 12
One Carriage ...	161 7	One Carriage ...	242 3
Two Carriages loaded on one truck same owner.	242 3	One Motor Car...	363 4
One Motor Car ...	242 3		
Two Motor Cars on one truck same owner ...	376 11		

A. C. RUMBOLL,
General Traffic Manager.

Victoria Terminus,
Dated 24th June, 1911.

IMPORTANT NEWS FOR MAHARAJAS, NAWABS AND OTHER RULING POTENTATES,

as well as for big Hotel-proprietors, and all other people generally who intend to

VISIT DELHI, ON THE DELHI DURBAR OCCASION.

NAWAB M. MANZUR ALI KHAN, son of the late NAWAB MIRZA AKBAR ALI KHAN, of Delhi, late Secretary of the Entertainment Committee to H. M. the Amir of Kabul, while on his visit to India, is glad to notify to the public, on behalf of the Delhi Durbar Association, which he has formed for giving facility to visitors at the Darbar Coronation time, that he has at his disposal several big palaces and other buildings in extremely good order, which can accommodate from fifty to a thousand persons with comfort and ease. The situation of the buildings is very desirable, and they are of course preferable to tents, encampments and such other flimsy temporary structures, looking to the incessant cold of Delhi in the month of December, when there is every probability of hail and snow falling.

The said Nawab is desirous of letting out some of the buildings to Hotel-proprietors, as well as of entering into arrangements with ruling chiefs and potentates, reserving for them suites of apartments, with board, if necessary, in accordance with their dignity, and doing the like in respect of highly respectable persons, official as well as non-official, on moderate and reasonable terms.

For reference to plans and photos of buildings, together with all detailed particulars as to rents and other conditions, apply to

MR. KAVASJI BOMANJI, B.A., LL.B,
C/o Messrs. ARDESHIR, HORMUSJI,
DINSHAW & Co., Solicitors,
Opposite Rajabai Tower,
Fort, Bombay.

MUNICIPALITY OF BOMBAY.

WORKSHOPS FOREMAN.

APPLICATIONS will be received by the Undersigned upto the 20th day of July, 1911, for the POST of HEAD FOREMAN, Municipal Workshops, on a salary of Rs. 250 per month, rising by annual increments of Rs. 10 to Rs. 300 per month with free quarters.

Applicants should be between the ages of 27 and 35 and should be conversant with all branches of a general engineering workshops (exclusive of foundry), and should possess a 2nd Class Bombay Boiler Act certificate.

The appointment is pensionable under the Municipal pension rules and leave is granted according to the Uncovenanted C. S. Regulations.

Apply with full particulars of training and copies of recent testimonials to

JAMES W. MACKISON, B. Sc., A.M.I.C.E.,
Executive Engineer, Bombay Municipality,
Municipal Office,
Bombay, 28th June, 1911.

BOMBAY BARODA AND CENTRAL INDIA RAILWAY.

EXPRESS SERVICE TO SIMLA.

CHEAP RETURN TICKETS DURING THE HOT WEATHER THROUGH CARRIAGE BETWEEN BOMBAY AND KALKA.

THE EXPRESS through service between BOMBAY, and KALKA via the NAGDA MUTTRA RAILWAY, DELHI, MEERUT and SAHARANPUR, is worked with corridor Trains fitted with Electric Lights and Fans. Refreshment Cars are attached between Baroda and Muttra to which First and Second Class passengers have access from early in the morning to late at night. The duration of the journey between Bombay and Simla is approximately 46 hours. First Class Return Tickets available for two months are issued from 1st May to 31st July (inclusive), at the following greatly reduced rates between the undermentioned Stations, on the B. B. & C. I. and R. M. Railways and Simla.

Stations.	Return Fares Rs. a. p.	Timings. Up	Down.
Bombay ...	128 10 0	Arr. 7-15	Dep. 21-15
Mhow	108 9 0	,, 22-40	,, 5-20
Neemuch ...	95 14 0	,, 23-30	,, 4-55
Nasirabad ...	85 13 0	,, 8-3	,, 19-55
	Simla Dep, 8-15		Arr. 18-30

FREDERICK W. HANSON,
General Traffic Manager.

NOTICE.

THE RETAIL PRICE of "THE BOMBAY GAZETTE," in Poona, Kirkee, &c., is 2 annas per copy.

The rates for Subscribers are unaltered, viz., Rs. 37-8 per annum credit, or Rs. 30 in advance, post free.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

ALTERATIONS OF TRAINS.

FROM the 1st of July, 1911, the TIMINGS of some of the PASSENGER and MAIL TRAINS between BOMBAY and POONA and KASARA will be REVISED. For details see Short Time Table exhibited at Stations.

Information can also be obtained from Station Masters or from the Undersigned.

A. C. RUMBOLL,
General Traffic Manager.

Bombay, 26th June, 1911.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V., by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India,

Petition for Probate of the last Will and Testament of PUTLIBAI, widow of KSHATRI KESHAVJI KALYANJI SHALWALA, late of Bombay, Bramha Kshatri, Hindu Inhabitant, deceased.

BANCHHODDAS JINABHAI of Bombay, Bramha Kshatri Hindu inhabitant, living on property residing at Kalbadevi Road, without the Fort, the sole executor named in the said Will...Petitioner.

ALL PERSONS, claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased, are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Probate.

Witness, Sir BASIL SCOTT, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid, this Twenty-ninth day of June, in the year of our Lord One Thousand Nine Hundred and Eleven and in the second year of our Reign.

A. M. KAJIJI,
Registrar.

The Seal of the High Court, at Bombay.

P. B. MALABARI,
The 29th day of June, 1911.
Messrs. MANSUKLAL JAMESTJI, HIRALAL & Co.,
Petitioner's Attorneys.

SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD & COMPANY,
No. 15, APOLLO STREET.

WEEKLY SALE.

THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 3rd July, 1911, at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.) Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co., will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, in No. 15 Apollo Street, Fort, a quantity of grey, white and coloured piece-goods and the following :—

Furniture such as chairs, sofas, easy chairs, cupboards, almiras, dressing, wash-hand and writing tables, piano, phonographs with records, typewriters iron safes, etc.

At 2-30 P.M. (S.T.)

Several gents' bicycles by different makers.
1 rubber-tyred victoria.
1 ,, brougham.

By order of R. D. Sethna, Esqr., Official Assignee and Assignee of the estate of Jafferbhai Ruttonsy, an Insolvent—

1 handsome steel rubber-tyred shigram, made to order, with a handsome and fast iron grey young Arab horse and harness.

The above turn out is open for inspection in the stable of Mr. Munjibhai Nathoo on Jail Road South side,

and any other carriages and horses which may be offered.

CRAWFORD & Co.

Bombay, 3rd July, 1911.

BENNETT & COMPANY,
No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

SALE of the right of collecting toll at the Sion and Mahim Causeways.

Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will, under instructions of the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay, sell by Public Auction, the above right at 3 p. m. (B. T.) THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 2nd July 1911, at the Office of the Assessor and Collector, on the ground floor of the Municipal Building.

Particulars and conditions of Sale may be obtained at the Office of the Municipal Commissioner or at the Auctioneers.

AUCTION SALE of Machinery, Lathe, Pumps, Beltings, Shafts, Electrical Materials, Fans, etc. etc.

Under instructions from R. D. Sethna Esqr., Receiver in Suit No. 546 of 1910 Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will, TO-MORROW, TUESDAY, the 4th instant, sell by Public Auction at 2 p.m. (S. T.) at the Godown, No. 14 Marine Street, Fort, next to Messrs John Roberts Factory, the following machinery and mill appliances mortgaged by B. Maganbhai to Messrs. Mulji Jaitha and Co; consisting of hand-rotatory and torrent force pumps, Dayton fans, numbering machines, rubber goods, drilling machines, fodder cutters, fly wheels, blacksmith's forges, iron shaftings and pipes 1 1-2 h.-p. oil engine Platt Bros; side frames, steam pumps, electrical materials, large lather, leather beltings, rubber beltings, horizontal and centrifugal pumps, aluminium fan blades, etc., etc.

The above is now on view.

BENNETT & Co.

Bombay, 3rd July, 1911.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS,
81, MEADOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

WEEKLY SALE.

Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE and Co., will, on WEDNESDAY, the 5th day of July, 1911, sell by Public Auction, at their Sales Rooms, at 2-30 p. m. (S.T.), the following :—

On account of the concerned the remaining [unsold lots of the Hosiery Consignment by s. s. "Barbera."

67 dozen bathing costumes.
150 dozen coloured drawers.
60 dozen lady's ribbed vests.
50 dozen under wear (combination.)
6 pieces cotton coating 28" by 27 yds.
2 pieces cotton coating 36" by 96 yds.
5 dozen lady's fancy hand bags.
50 dozen fancy socks.
25 ,, lady's stockings.
30 ,, bathing combinations (rich Navy blue).
10 ,, lady's blouse piece, assorted colour.

On account of the concerned—

A lot of 1 light and 5 lights Gas Chandeliers.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 3rd July, 1911.

NEW TEAS, NEW TEAS,

TRY THE

MAY BLOSSOM.

THE

MAY BLOSSOM

TEAS

Are the Best in the Market, having been picked and blended by an Expert;

A CHOICE CUP OF TEA
BE PUT OFF WITH NO OTHER
SOLD EVERYWHERE.

APPLY EARLY TO

CROFT, MODY & Co.,
BOMBAY.
WHOLESALE AGENTS
RETAIL SUPPLIERS :—Messrs. BRANDON & CO., Victoria Terminus, and Messrs. DENISON & CO. Hummum Street, Fort.

LAYS OF THE LAW.—A Selection of Box Leading Cases. By W. E. H., Re. 1. Apply No. 404 care of "Bombay Gazette" Office.

AMUSEMENTS.

BOXING, BOXING.
FIVE INTERESTING MATCHES.
MELVILLE, WALLICE AND OTHER CHAMPIONS PARTICIPATING.

ON WEDNESDAY, JULY 5, at 9-30 P. M.
BALLWALLA'S GRAND THEATRE, TARDEO.

Cinematographic Exhibition, "Love in the Tub," Pantomime and Sparring Exhibition of BOXING by the PARSI CHAMPION of SOUTHERN INDIA and BURMAH.

PRICES Rs. 4, Rs. 3, Rs. 2 and Re. 1.

Sailors and Soldiers half price to the first three upper classes.

8 Annas Pit for Natives only.

SKATING RINK.

PRACTICE SESSIONS:—Daily 8 to 9 A.M.

EVENING SESSIONS:—THURSDAYS only, 6 to 8 with Band.

NIGHT SESSIONS:—MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS, 9-30 to 11-30.

BAND IN ATTENDANCE.

EXCELSIOR
CINEMATOGRAPH
TO-NIGHT.

"PICTURES THAT SPELL PERFECTION"

SATURDAY'S SUCCESSES

THE WELSH-DRISCOLL FIGHT

THE MAID OF NIAGARA

POOR PAL PAYS

FOOLSHEAD THE LOVER

Etc. Etc.

EVERY PICTURE A SUCCESS.

TIME AND PRICES AS USUAL.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEERS, &C.

OLD THE CHEAPEST
TOM PEG McTaggart
WHISKY.
Rs. 29 per Doz. Blend
ONLY ONE TRIAL WILL SATISFY.

SOLE AGENTS:
CROFT, MODY & CO.,
BOMBAY.
RETAIL SUPPLIERS:
Messrs. BRANDON & Co.
VICTORIA TERMINUS.
AND
Messrs. DENISON & Co.
HUMMUM ST. BOMBAY.

IMPORTANT TO
PRINTERS & PROPRIETORS
OF
PRINTING PRESSES.

THE following PRINTING PRESSES, MACHINERY and PLANT are to be SOLD immediately at a very LOW PRICE to make room for new Machinery in the "Bombay Gazette" Press :—

2 Type casting Machines.
1 Ruling Machine.
2 Treadle Machines.
2 Cutting Machines.
2 Very large Printing Machines.
2 Small Printing Machines.
1 Backing Machine (for Bookbinding).
1 Large Press for Printing Copper Plates.
1 Lithograph Press.

The above can be seen in working order at the "Bombay Gazette" Press.

For Particulars and price, see the GENERAL MANAGER.

THE EASY WAY
TO GROW HAIR.

IF YOUR HAIR is defective, that is, if it is falling off or turning prematurely grey, use this marvellous oil Keshranjan. It will perfectly cure all such defects, clear and cheer the brain and grow thick black hair. It is exceedingly sweet-scented.

Price Re. 1-5 per Phial (Post paid.)

SARVANGASUNDARA RASA.
COMPOUND POWER OF GOLD,

This is one of the foremost medicines in Consumption or Phthisis. It cures all varieties of Consumption or Phthisis, and allays all the painful symptoms and affections supervening that dreadful disease.

Price per 7 doses ... ... Rs. 3
Packing and postage ... ... As. 3

Diabetes cure—The sovereign remedy for diabetes melotus and insipidus. All complaints ceas rapidly and the cure is complete in a month.

Price Rs. 5 Post free Rs. 5-11.

PRESCRIPTIONS with or without Medicines are sent to every part of India, Burma, Ceylon, Straits Settlements, Cape and the British Isles, on receipt of concise description of disease.

Kaviraj Nagendra Nath Sen,
GOVT. MEDICAL DIPLOMA-HOLDER.
M, Ch. S. (Paris), M, Ch. S. (America), M, S, Ohi
I. (London), M. S. A. S. London, &c., &c.
Nos. 18-1 & 19, Lower Chitpur Road, Calcutta.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

Only Advertisement for Clerks, Servants, &c., Goods for Sale or Wanted are accepted in this Column.

RATES.—(Cash only). Not exceeding three lines, Re. 1. Each succeeding line, annas 8. Minimum charge Re. 1.

REPLIES will be sent "BEARING" unless amount to cover Postage is previously paid

YOUR PIANO.—Does it need TUNING or REPAIRING? We place the services of a thoroughly Competent Workman at your disposal. Our charges are MODERATE, and whatever we do for your Instrument, we guarantee that it will be done as well as it is possible.—MARCKS & Co., Ld., AGENTS for the world-known "Bluthner" Pianos, Bombay and Poona.

RAILWAY HOTEL, Bombay, Grant Road, near Moos Buildings. Give it a trial and you will never regret your visit. Board and Residence, Rs. 2 and 3 per day. Very easy terms for permanent residents. Splendid Bars, Brand-new Billiard Tables. Dinner, Rs. 1-4-0; Tiffin, Re. 1-0-0; Breakfast, As. 12. Dinner served till late hours.

MOTOR ACCESSORIES.—We specialize in these. Spare parts stocked. A call will convince you as to the smartness and utility of our goods. No uphill prices. THE UNIVERSAL ENGINEERING Co. 14, Hummum Street, Fort.

TURKEY.—"Through Asiatic Turkey," Bombay to the Bosphorous. Two Volumes. By Grattan Geary. Rs. 10. Apply Box No. 4, 9, care of 'Bombay Gazette" Office

BOOKS FOR SALE.—GARNETT'S "International Library of Famous Literature" 20 vols; "Scribner" '80 to '82 five vols; "Century" '84 and '85, 4 vols. Offers. Box 2693, care of this Office.

FOR SALE,—2 Printing Presses, 2 Cutting Machines and Lithographing Machines, all at very low prices, to make room for other machineries. Apply to this Office.

BURMA AFTER THE CONQUEST.—By Grattan Geary. Rs. 6. Apply "Bombay Gazette" Office.

REPAIRS OF Rs. 1-8 within 25 years. I take this opportunity to tell you that Singer's Sewing Machine, which purchased 25 years ago, has required only Rs. 1-3 for repairs, and it is still going strong of all parts.—I. B. Gardener, 10, Forbes Street, Bombay.

OLD ISSUES of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE," when available, are supplied at the following special Prices :—If of a date over one and within 3 months, 8 annas a copy; over three months old and within 12 months, one rupee per copy; over 12 months old, and additional rupee for each year; and whenever a search is necessary, an additional fee of Rs. 2 must be paid in advance.

SPECIAL OFFER.—Commercial Envelopes, "Gazette Commercial," of the following sizes :—9½ inch by 4½ inch Rupee 1 per hundred 9½ inch by 4½ inch, Annas 14 per hundred, (If printed on flap there will be an additional charge of Rs. 3 per 1,000. 5 13-16 inch by 3 3/8 inch, Rs. 2½ per thousand!) printed on flap, Rs. 4 per thousand.

EXCHANGE TABLES.—NEW EDITION, revised and enlarged. Sterling into Rupees and Rupees into Sterling. Advancing by 32nds from Is. 3½d. to Is. 4 ½d. Also includes Tables of Par Conversion—Commission—Interest—Decimal—Values—Due Dates. Price Rs. 3, Apply "Bombay Gazette" Office.

"THE EMPIRE."—The file of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" is available to enquirers at the office of "THE EMPIRE," LIMITED, No. 12 A, Mission Row, Calcutta, and the file of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of the "Bombay Gazette, Limited, 2 Green Street, Fort, behind the Bank of Bombay.

REPORTS, Petition, Memorial, Business, Announcement, Bill Forms, Books, Pamphlets &c., &c. printed with neatness and promptitude at reasonable rates. Special Terms for large contracts, Apply to the Manager, The "Bombay Gazette" Electric Press

ELECTRICAL PRINTING.—The "Bombay Gazette" Office is located at No. 2 GREEN STREET, behind the Bank of Bombay, where a complete Electric Installation supplies the Motive Power for the working of the Machinery, thus economising labour and facilitating work. The Management is therefore able to offer Constituents expedition and economy in rates. Quotation given for all sorts of Printing Work, Binding, Stationery, etc.

THE NEW "REVLUC" PINCE NEZ.

DURING the hot steamy Weather, when your Glasses persist in falling of your nose a pair of "REVLUC" FRAME fitted to your own lense will be found a great boon.

They are self-adjusting.
There is nothing to break.
They are always Horizontal.
They are the acme of comfort and very strong.
No slipping off the Nose.

Prices of Frames only, inclusive of fitting :—
Nickel, Rs. 3-8, Gold, Rs. 35.

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BOMBAY AND POONA.

PRADER RIPU.

A Sure Remedy for Leucorrhœa (Whites). Cure is imminent. Strongly recommended to try it once. Price Rs. 3 a bottle. Apply to

SAPAT & CO.,
Chemists, Bombay. No. 2.

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BUYING AGENTS. PRODUCE AGENTS.

BUYING DEPARTMENT.—WM. J. KEYMER & CO having for many years been large Exporters to the East of HARDWARE, METALS, MACHINERY, STORES and GENERAL MERCHANDISE, offer their services to Firms abroad.

CATALOGUES OR QUOTATIONS FURNISHED, CLOSEST PRICES ASSURED.

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GENERAL AGENCY BUSINESS carefully conducted
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CODES USED—A1, A.B.C., International, Private, &c.
WILLIAM J. KEYMER & Co.,
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ROUND ABOUT BOMBAY.
By James Douglas. Rs. 5.

THROUGH ASIATIC TURKEY.
(Bombay to the Bosphorous)
By Grattan Geary (2 Vols.) Rs. 10.

BURMA AFTER THE CONQUEST.
By Grattan Geary. Rs. 5.

GIRAS AND GUARANTEE.
Being a Compilation of Decisions, etc., on Questions regarding Giras, Wanta, and other Guaranteed Rights
By L. P. Parikh Rs. 6.

LAYS OF THE LAW,
A Selection of Leading Cases.
By W. E. H. Re. 1.
Apply the Bombay Gazette Office.

BANKS.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital	$ 15,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors	$ 15,000,000
Silver Reserve Fund	$ 16,250,000
Gold Reserve Fund	$ 1,500,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES.

AMOY	IPOH	PENANG
BANGKOK	JOHORE,	RANGOON
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BOMBAY	KUALA LUMPUR	SAN FRANCISCO
CALCUTTA	LONDON	SHANGHAI
CANTON	LYONS	Do HONGKEW
COLOMBO	MALACCA;	SINGAPORE
FOOCHOW	MANILA	SOURABAYA
HAMBURG	NAGASAKI	TIENTSIN
HANKOW	NEW YORK	YOKOHAMA
HONGKONG	PEKING	ZLOLLO

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent, per annum on Daily Balance of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 100,000 provided the same account amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS

Are received for varying periods up to 12 months or term which may be ascertained on application.

Drafts granted on London and the chief Commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

Credits granted, Bills purchased, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

J. A. JEFFREY,
Agent.

Carlton House, Outram Road, Bombay.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL	£ 1,500,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	£ 1,125,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL	£ 562,500
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS	£ 562,500
RESERVE FUNDS	£ 325,000

HEAD OFFICE:
40, Threadneedle Street, London, E. C.

LONDON BANKERS
The Bank of England,
The London Joint Stock Bank.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:
BOMBAY, KARACHI, CALCUTTA, Sub-Branch HOWRAH (Calcutta), RANGOON, MADRAS, COLOMBO, KANDY, GALLE, SINGAPORE, KUALA LUMPUR, PENANG, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI.

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and Branches, and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms :—

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Interest allowed at 2 per cent. on the daily balance if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000. Sums over Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Rates for Fixed deposits for 12 months and shorter period to be ascertained on application.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody, realising interest and dividends when due.

JAMES MURDOCH,
Esplanade Road, Bombay. Manager.

ALLIANCE BANK OF SIMLA, LD.

CAPITAL (Paid up) ... Rs. 20,00,000
RESERVE FUND (in Government Paper) ... Rs. 28,50,000

HEAD OFFICE: SIMLA.

BRANCHES:

Calcutta, Bombay, Agra, Ajmere, Cawnpore, Darjeeling, Lahore, Mussoorie, Murree, Rawalpindi, and Umballa.

CORRESPONDENTS:

London, Edinburgh, Dublin, and in all the principal towns throughout India.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 500 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Re. 5 half yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS received and interest allowed at rates which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK—Deposits received and interest allowed. Rules on application.

BANKING BUSINESS of Every Description transacted RULES OF BUSINESS and full information obtainable upon application.

E. E. SAVI,
Acting Agent.

Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

CAPITAL	£1,200,000
RESERVE FUND	£1,625,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS	£1,200,000

HEAD OFFICE:
38, Bishopsgate, London E. C.

AGENCIES AND BRANCHES:

Hamburg	Ipoh (Perak), F. M. S.	Manila
Bombay	Medan Deli (Sumatra)	Oaba
Calcutta	Singapore	Hongkong
Madras	Kwala Lumpor (F. M. S.)	Canton.
Rangoon	Klang (F. M. States)	Foochow
Colombo	Seremban (F. M. States)	Shanghai
Karachi	Bangkok	Tientsin
Amritsar	Batavia	Hankow
Penang	Sourabaya	Yokohama
Thaiping (Perak F. M. S.)	Saigon	Kobe
		New York

THE CORPORATION grant DRAFTS on the above Agencies and Branches, and also on the Principal Commercial Cities throughout the world; buy and receive for collection BILLS OF EXCHANGE; issue TRAVELLING LETTERS OF CREDIT; and undertake general Banking Business of every description.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.—Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum Monthly Balances, if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

Amounts above Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms which may be ascertained upon application.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, STOCKS, and SHARES, bought and sold on account of clients, and also received for safe custody and collection of interest and Dividends when due.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for twelve months and shorter period at rates to be ascertained on application.

OFFICE HOURS 10-30 A.M. to 4 P.M.
Saturdays—10-30 A.M. to 2 P.M.

POST BOX No. 34.

JOHN GREIG,
Esplanade Road, Bombay, Agent.

SELF CURE NO FICTION!
NO SUFFERER NEED NOW DESPAIR.
THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY
THERAPION No. 1
in a remarkably short time, often a few days only, Cures discharges either sex superseding injections
THERAPION No. 2
Cures blood poison, bad legs, ulcers, sores, painful swelled joints, &c. when mercurial treatment fails.
THERAPION No. 3
Cures chronic weakness, lost vigor and vital force.
Either Number Therapion & all self treatment directions enclosed, of chemists or post free 3/- from The Le Clerc Medicine Co., Haverstock Rd., Hampstead, London, Eng. Try New Dragee (Tasteless) Form of Therapion, easy to take, safe, lasting cure. Trade Marked word "THERAPION" is on British Govt. Stamp affixed to every genuine packet.
THERAPION
CURES TO STAY CURED.
SOLD BY TREACHER & Co.,
BOMBAY. BYCULLA AND POONA.

SPECIAL OFFER.

COMMER

DAILY MARKET REPORT.

LONDON MARKET.

LONDON, June 30.] [BOMBAY, July 1.

FINANCIAL.

	Rates.	Plus.	Minus
2½ per cent. Consols	79 3-16		3-8
do. Rentes	85 1-4	1-4	
2½ per cent. Sterling Loan	93 1-2		1-2
do. Govt. Securities	94 3-16		3-16
Bar Silver in London	24 5-16	unchgd	
do. 2 months' hence	24 3-8	unchgd	
do. in New York	52 3-4	unchgd	
Exchange on London at Paris	25·31	unchgd	
do. at Berlin	20·43	0·1	
do. at New York	4·86 1-8	unchgd	
Discount Bank of England Rate	3 p.c.	since	
do. Short London Bills	9th Mar.		
do. 3 months' sight	2 1-4	unchgd	
do. Indian Bank Bills, 6 months' sight	3 1-8		1-8
do 3 months' Fine Trade Bills	2 7-8	unchgd	
do, 6 months' Fine Trade Bills	3 5-8	1-8	
Interest Day-to-day Loans	2 1-2	3-4	
Interest 7 day Market Loans	3	1-8	

Bar Gold ... 77-9 unchgd
Exchange on India 30 days' sight (Bank's buying rate) 1 3 7-8 unchgd
Closing Tone of Silver—Buyers unsatisfied.

COUNCIL BILLS.—EXTRA ALLOTMENTS :—
Bills on Calcutta ... Rs. 20,000 at ls. 4 1-32d.

SPECIE SHIPMENTS—
Silver to Bombay ... £ 60,000
Gold ... 2150,000
Silver to Shanghai ... £ 8,000

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL—
Spot ...Easier. Dull.
Futures ... Steady.
East Indian ... .
Manchester Firm with good demand.
Total Sales ... 5,000
Sold on Speculation and for Export ... 250
Imports ... 8,000
Mid Americans ... 8·0—07
Egyptian F. G. F. Brown 10 1-2 unchgd

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES :—

June-July	July-Aug.	Aug.-Sept.	Sept.-Oct.	Oct.-Nov.
7·82 +01	7·77 unchgd	7·49 unchgd	7·14 —01	7·00 —02

Nov.-Dec.	Dec.-Jan.	Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-Mar.
6·95 —02	6·94 —02	6·95 —01	6·95 —02

Stock of cotton in London 10,350
New York Official Noon Call July 14-59. Oct. 13-23
New Orleans 10 a.m. July 15-07 Oct. 13·10

NEW YORK—

	Bales.
Receipts at all U. S. Ports	3,000
Receipts at U. S. Last year	3,000
Exports to Great Britain	.....
Exports to Continent	18,000
Spot Cotton—	14·80 unchgd.

Futures—Month of July 14·58 +04
Futures—Month of Oct 13·18—05
} Declined on foreign selling and advanced later on bull support and shorts covering.

NEW ORLEANS—
Spot Cotton ...15 1-16 unchgd
Futures—Month of July ... } Mutilated.
Do. do Oct. ...
Tone of Spot Cotton ... Quiet.

WHEAT.

White Choice Karachi ...33 1-4+1-8
Do. Months—June-July.
Do. Name of Ports—London—Done and Sellers
Red Karachi ...31+3-8
Do. Months—June-July.
Do. Name of Ports—London.—Sellers.
Tone—Quiet but steady.

SOUTH AMERICAN.
Rosario Santa Fe—62lbs. ...33 + 1-4
Do. Months—June-July—Sellers—Quiet but steady.

SOUTH AUSTRALIAN.
South Australian ...33 7-8 unchgd
Do. Month—June—Sellers.

SEEDS.

RAPESEED—
Yellow Cawnpore per 416 lbs., 85 p.c. ex-ship ...44 + 1-2
Do. Months—June-July.
Do. Name of Ports—Dunkirk.—Sellers.
Yellow Guzerat, per 416 lbs, 85 p. c. ex-ship ...45 3-4 +1-4
Do. Months—June-July.
Do. Name of Ports—Dunkirk.—Sellers.
Brown Cawnpore ...40 3-4+1-4
Do. Months—July-August.
Do. Name of Ports—Sellers—Antwerp.
Tone of Rapeseed—Firm.

LINSEED—
Bombay per 416 lbs ex-ship ...69 1-4—1-2
Do. Months—July-Aug.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.—Done.
Tone of Linseed—Quiet but steady.

MISCELLANEOUS.

COFFEE—
In New York Fair Rio (No. 7 quality). 13 1-8 unchgd

ARRIVALS—
"Bendu."

RUBBER—
Para Rubber ...4 0 1-2—Dull.

METALS—
Copper Braziers ...£ 68 1-4
Yellow Metal ...d 6 1-16
Standard Copper G. M. B. ...£57 1-16

FREIGHT—
Coals :—Cardiff to Bombay ...10

SUGAR—
German granulated sugar C. and F. India double bags. ...13 13 1-2—Sellers.
Do. Months of Shipment ...July-Aug.
Tone—Steady but not active.
Hungarian Crystals Sugar C & F India ...12 10 1-2—Nominal.
Do. Months of Shipments ...July.
Tone—Entirely neglected.
German Beet-root 88 p. c ...10 11 3-4+1-2—Sellers.
Months of Shipments ...July-Aug.
Tone—Rather irregular.
B A R & Similar Crystals C & F India 14 11 1-4 unchgd—Sellers.
Months of Shipments ...July-August.
Tone—Steady at unchanged prices.
Mauritius Crystal C & F Calcutta and Bombay ...11-3—Value.
Months of Shipments ...July.
Tone—Quiet.
Java—General Tone—Quiet at previous quotations.

BOMBAY MARKETS.

SATURDAY EVENING.] [1ST July, 1911.

IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

Packages.	Value.	From	Importers
	Rs.		
235 Bars Silver.	5,25,000	London	Hongkong Bank
121 Bars Silver.	2,25,000	do	do
291 Bars Silver.	5,25,000	do	Chartered Bank

EXPORTS OF BAR SILVER FROM BOMBAY BY RAIL ON 29th June, 1911.

By	Bars	Ounces
G I P Railway	83	38,332
B B and C I Railway	55	65,201

FINANCIAL.

EXCHANGE :—
The market opened steady at 1s. 4d. to 1s. 4 1-32d. T.T. and Demand and 1s. 4 3-16d. for 3 months' sight Credits. Being mail day, there has been little fresh business offering. Far Eastern rates are steady.

We quote :—
T. T. on London ...1s. 4d. to 1s 4 1-32d.
Demand Draft ...1s. 4d. to 1s. 4 1-32d.
Credits 3 months' sight ...1s 4 3-16d.
Do. do forward ...1s. 4 9-32d. Oct.
Do. do Francs ...170 1-2
Do. do Marks ...138 1-4
Hongkong 60 days' sight ...182 3-4
Shanghai " ...177 3-4
Japan " ...150 1-4

GOVERNMENT PAPER :—
The market opened at 96 1-4 for ready and 96 for the Settlement and has gone easier during the day owing to the continued absence of rain. We quote as the close :—
Cash ... Rs. 96 2 0
Settlement ... " 95 15 0

BULLION :—
Bar Silver in London yesterday closed unchanged at 24 5-16 ready and 24 3-8 for delivery in two months. New York was also unchanged at 52 3-4. The local market opened quiet but steady at yesterday's rates and closes unchanged. Bar Gold is steady.

We quote :—
English Bar Gold ... Rs 24 0 0
Australian " ... " 24 0 0
Sovereigns " ... " 15 0 0
Silver Ready ex-duty ... " 61 10 0
" 1st settlement ... " 61 11 0
" 2nd Settlement ... " 61 12 0

COTTON.

MARKET REPORT :—
The market opened quiet with good Broach quoted Rs. 316-17. During the day considerable fluctuations have occurred and at noon the price was Rs. 312 1-2, an hour later the rate being quoted Rs. 315. In such a market it is difficult to give reliable rates and our quotation must therefore be taken as more or less nominal.
For ready cotton the demand continues moderate but prices keep very steady as holders are not at all keen to operate.

QUOTATIONS :—
NEW CROP.

Good M G Broach	... Rs.	314-16	Nominal.
Fine M G Nagpur	... "	316	"
Fine M G Khamgaon-Akola	"	307	"
F. G. M. G. Khandeish	... "	284	"
Fine M G Bengal	... "	298	"
Fine M. G. Bengal	... "	239	"
Fine M. G. Bengal	... "	281	"
F. G. H. G. Bengal	... "	256-7	"

SEEDS AND WHEAT.

LINSEED :—The market is quiet but steady.
We quote :—
Ready " ... Rs. 12 1 0 B. T.
September " ... " 13 0 6 R. T.
RAPESEED :—The market is steady.
We Quote :—
Yellow Guzerat ready ... " 7 12 0 B. T.
Brown Etawah ready ... " 6 12 0 B. T.
GINGELLYSEED :—The market is steady.
We quote :—
Bold White 85 p.c. ... Rs. 52 0 0
Yellow Hinganghat ... " 58 0 0
Black Kutni ... " 44 0 0
JASTORSEED :—Tone steady. We Quote :—
Ready ... Rs. 35 8 0
JOTTONSEED :—Tone quiet. We Quote :—
Ready ... Rs. 21 8 0
POPPYSEED :—Tone quiet but steady.
We Quote :—
Ready ... Rs. 9 15 0 B. T.
GROUNDNUTS :—Tone firmer.
We Quote :—
Bold ... Rs. 42 0 0
Small ... " 40 8 0
MOWRASEED :—Tone quiet but steady.
July-August ... Rs. 7 1 0 R. T.
WHEAT :—The market is firmer.
We Quote :—
White Delhi ready. ... Rs. 4 12 0 R. T.
" " Sept ... Rs. 5 4 0 R. T.

SHARES.

BANKS.

Bank of bombay	1,720
Bank of India	ex 1-2
Eastern Bank	78 1-2
Indian Specie	52 1-2

MILLS.

David	387 1-2
Kohinoor	665
Manookji Petit	2,612 1-2

MISCELLANEOUS.

Alcock Ashdown & Co	240
Bombay E. S. & T. C. Ordinary	137 1-2
Bombay E. S. & T. C. Preference	172
Bombay Steam Navigation Ord.	280
Shivrajpur Mining Syndicate	17 1-2
Treacher and Co.	525

RAILWAYS.

Central Provinces Ry.	30
Tapti-Valley	492 1-2

DAY'S RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of Produce into Bombay during the 24 hours ending at 6 p.m., yesterday :—

Cotton	3,461 bales
Wheat	18,119 cwts.
Linseed	7,909 "
Rapeseed	1,688 "
Gingellyseed	18 "
Poppyseed	670 "
Groundnuts	636 "
Castorseed	903 "
Rice	3,035 "
Myrabollams	259 "
Cottonseed	3,239 "
Mowraseed	6,958 "
Gram	1,920 "
Joowar	289 "
Maize	81 "

LONDON MARKETS.

LONDON, July 1.] [BOMBAY, July 2.

FINANCIAL.

	Rates.	Plus.	Minus.
2½ per cent. Consols	79 1-8		1-16
do. Rentes	85		1-4
2½ do. Sterling Loan	93 1-2	un	chgd
3½ do. Gov. Securities	94 3-16	un	chgd
Bar Silver in London	24 2-3	1-16	
do. 2 months' hence	24 9-16	1-16	
Bar Silver in New York	52 3-4	un	chgd
Exchange on London at Paris	25·30	·01	
do. do. at Berlin	20·44	·01	
do. do. New York	4·86 1-8	un	chgd
Discount Bank of England Rate	3 p. c.	since	
do. Short London Bills	9th Mar.		
do. 3 months' sight	2 3-16		1-16
do, Indian Bank Bills 6 months' sight	3 1-8	un	chgd
do, 3 months' Fine Trade Bills	2 7-8	un	chgd
do. 6 months' Fine Trade Bills	3 3-8		1-4
Interest day-to-day Loans	1 1-4		1 1-4
do. 7 day Market Loans	1 1-2		1 1-2

Bar Gold 77-9 unchgd
Exchange on India, 30 days' sight (Bank's buying rate) 1 3 7-8 unchgd
Closing Tone of Silver—Small business.
Amount paid into the Bank of England, about £225,000.
The Bombay Mail of the 17th June arrived at Brindisi on the afternoon of the 29th June.

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL—
Spot Easier—Moderate business.
Futures ... Quiet.
East Indian ... .
Manchester ... Active.
Total Sales ... 4,000
Sold on Speculation and for Export ... 250
Imports ... 1,000
Mid-Americans ... 7·99—05
Egyptian F. G. F. Brown 10 3-8—1-8

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES :—

July-Aug.	Aug.-Sept.	Sept.-Oct.	Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.
7·71 —26	7·44 —05	7·08 —06	6·96 —04	6·91 —04

Dec.-Jan.	Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-Mar.	Mar.-April.
6·90 —04	6·90 —05	6·91 —04	6·92 New position.

New York Official noon call July 14-74 October 13·20.
New Orleans 10 a.m. July 14-78 Oct, 13·13.

NEW YORK—

Receipts at U. S. Ports	Bales. 2,000
Receipts at " Last year	.....
Exports to Great Britain	2,000
Exports to Continent	.....
Spot Cotton—	14·80 unchgd

Futures—Month of Oct. 13·19+01
Futures—Month of Dec. 13·21 New position
} Declined on Southern selling of Futures in the local market and advanced on Commission houses buying.

NEW ORLEANS—
Spot cotton ... 15 1-16 unchgd
Futures month of Oct ... 15·03 unchgd
Futures month of Dec. 13·05 New position.
Tone of Spot Cotton ... Quiet.

	Bales.
Week's Receipts of cotton at U. S. Ports	12,000
Do. exports to Great Britain	12,000
Do. do. to France and Continent	32,000
Stock of cotton at U. S. Ports	203,000
Do. do. at Interior Ports	133,000
Visib'e Supply	1,790,000
Into Sights	11,460,000

LIVERPOOL WEEKLY COTTON REPORT.

	Bales.
Total Sales	35,000
Do. Speculation	3,000
Do. Exportation	1,000
Do. Forwarded Consumer	82,000
Do. Actual Export	7,000
Do. Import of the Week	46,000
Do. Stock	705,000
East Indian total sales	500
Do. Indian Speculation	.....
Do. Exportation	.....
Do. Forwarded Consumers	4,900
Do. Actual Exports	400
Do. Week's Imports	11,000
Do. Stocks in Liverpool	42,000
Afloat Americans	20,000
Do. Indian	28,000

WHEAT

Choice White Karachi ..31 3-8
Do. Months—July.-Aug.
Do. Name of Ports—London.—Sellers.
J.-A.-Q. Red Karachi ... 33
Do. Months—June-July.
Do. Name of Ports—London.—Sellers.
Tone—Firm.

SOUTH AMERICAN.
Rosario Santa Fe—62lbs ... 33
Do. Months—June-July.
Quiet but steady—Sellers.

SOUTH AUSTRALIAN.
South Australian ... 34
Do. Month—June

SEEDS.

RAPESEED—
Yellow Cawnpore per 416 lbs 85 p.c. ex-ship 44
Do. Months—June-July.
Do. Name of Ports.—Dunkirk—Sellers.
YellowGujarat, per 416 lbs. 85 p.c. ex-ship 45 3-4
Do. Months—June-July.
Do. Name of Ports.—Dunkirk—Sellers.
Brown Cawnpore ...40 3-4
Do. Months—July-August.
Do. Name of Ports—Sellers—Antwerp.
Tone of Rapeseed—Quiet.

LINSEED—
Bombay, per 416 lbs., ex-ship ... 69 1-4
Do. Months—July-Aug.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.—Sellers.
Tone of Linseed—Quiet.

MISCELLANEOUS.

COFFEE—
Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality)... 13 1-8 unchgd.

RUBBER—
Para Rubber ...4 0 1-2—Value quiet.

SUGAR—
German Granulated Sugar C & F India (Double bags) ..13 10 1-2—Sellers.
Do. Months of Shipment ...July-Aug.
Tone—Steady but not active.
Hungarian Crystals Sugar C & F India ...12-10 1-2—Nominal.
Do Months of Shipments ...July.
Tone—Dull—Quiet neglected.
German Beet-root 88 p.c. ...10-11 3-4—Sellers.
Months of Shipments ...July.
Tone—Steady nothing much doing.
E A R & Similar Crystal C & F India ...14 11 1-4—Sellers.
Months of Shipments ...July-August.
Tone—Quiet but firm.
Mauritius Crystals C & F Calcutta and Bombay ...11-3—Value.
Months of Shipments ...July.
Tone—Firm.
Java—General Tone—Little or no business.

ALLIANCE BANK OF SIMLA.

A telegram from the Head Office, received at the Bombay branch of the Alliance Bank states that the nett profit for the year ended 30th ultimo (including balance brought forward) amounts to Rs. 4,58,398, which the Directors propoose to distribute as follows —Dividend at the rate of 12 per cent. and bonus of 2 per cent. to shareholders; to reserve fund Rs. 50,000 (bringing it up to Rs. 28,50,000) ; to contingency fund Rs. 25,000, a bonus of one month's pay to the staff and the balance to be carried forward.

CALCUTTA MARKET REPORTS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)
CALCUTTA, JULY 1.

A little trade was done in the jute market to-day at lower rates, but there was no activity in the market. The gunny market, too, was lifeless.
The money market was steady but dull, the exchange ruling a shade easier and the share market was also very quiet.

DAILY EXPORTS.—JULY 1.

FOR LIVERPOOL.
Circassia s—30 bales wool, E Dozsa and Co ; 117 bales wool, M J Joomabhoy and Co ; 90 bales wool, C Kheraj ; 48 bales wool, H Mitha and Co ; 203 cwts gum, T Nursi ; 1,050 cwts barly, R J Dawar ; 475 cwts cottonseed, J Cassum ; 27 bales wool, R Agarchand ; 40 bales wool, B Tulookchand ; 400 cwts dillseed, Baner and Krause ; 57 bales wool, S Madanlal ; 15 bales wool, The Bombay Co ; 191 bales wool, M Ramjidas.
Rokeby s—1,720 cwts maize, 2,657 cwts cottonseed, Ralli Bros.

FOR LONDON.
Ariosto s—17 bales cotton waste, G Suchedina and Co.

FOR MARSEILLES.
Circassia s—300 cwts mustardseed, 100 cwts rapeseed, J Fachiri ; 2,000 cwts linseed, Volkart Bros ; 104 cwts gum, M J Jafferbhoy.

FOR HULL.
Clan Graham s—2,750 cwts cottonseed, A Khimji.
Ariosto s—27 tons clay, C Macdonald and Co.

FOR ANTWERP.
Claveresk s—2,002 cwts linseed, E D Sassoon and Co ; 4,000 cwts linseed, Ralli Bros.
Glentrae s—12,000 cwts rapeseed, B S Lloyd and Co.
Umsinga s—20 cwts cosr, J H Umrigar and Co ; 3,000 cwts gingellyseed, Volkart Brothers ; 16,016 cwts linseed, E D Sassoon and Co ; 652 cwts groundnuts, Ralli Bros.

FOR BARCELONA.
Circassia s—50 bales cotton, W Wolf and Sons.

FOR NEW YORK.
Kristiania s—1,053 cwts castorseed, Ralli Bros.

FOR DUNKIRK.
Asama s—12,000 cwts linseed, Ralli Bros.
Clan Graham s—500 tons manganese ore, S Smidt and Co.

FOR HAVRE.
Asama s—115 bales cotton, Ralli Bros ; 1,006 cwts myrabollams, W Becher.

FOR HAMBURG.
Glentrae s—502 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

FOR GENOA.
Clan Farquehar s—200 bales cotton, Walter Pavri and Co ; 1,662 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.
Alavi s—7,000 cwts linseed, Ralli Bros ; 4,240 cwts wheat, J Fachiri.

FOR VENICE.
Koerber s—100 bales cotton, K Visram and Co.

FOR MOSTYN DEEP.
Nentmoor s—6,000 tons manganese ore, T Morrison, and Co.

FOR HONGKONG.
Delhi s—40 chests opium, E D Sassoon and Co ; 14 cases condiments, M Poonjiaji and Sons ; 3 cwts sharkfins, A Chagla and Co.

FOR SHANGHAI.
Delhi s—13 chests opium, E D Sassoon and Co ; 4 cases condiments, M Poonjiaji and Sons ; 23 chests opium, C Bamonji and Co ; 40 chests opium, C Ebrahim and Co.

FOR KOBE.
Delhi s—400 bales cotton, M Jethabhai and Co,

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE Charge for Announcement of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS and MEMORIAM NOTICES, which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender, is Rs. 2 for six lines or less, and 8 as. for every additional line. CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

DEATHS.

BROUGHAM—June 12, at Bangalore, Ethel Amina Beazley, aged 10 months, only child of Mr and Mrs E B Brougham, Negapatam.
MORTON—June 21, at the "Valnur" Estate, Sidapur, Edward Morton, late Assistant Engineer (Retired), P W D, aged 65.
SHEARES—June 14, at Mandapam, of cholera, John Richard Shearer, aged 29 years.
WADDEL—June 27, at Badge Budge, Hew Ernest Waddel, late Superintendent, Wellington Square Water Works, Calcutta, aged 60 years.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Sun rises 6h. 6m. Sun sets 7h. 20m.
Excelsior Cinematograph, Novelty Theatre, three shows nightly 7 to 8, 8-30 to 9-30 and 10 to 11 p.m. Our Star Attraction : "The Welsh-Driscoll Fight" for £2,500.

Maxim : "Professional advice is worth paying for."—HENRY CLEWS.

FORT GRATUITOUS DISPENSARY.—The total number of patients treated during the last month was 2,040, the daily average being 68, and the total of new cases being 739.

ARRIVAL OF A NATIVE CHIEF.—H. H. the Thakore of Morvi has arrived in Bombay attended by four followers.

FIRE IN A HUT.—On Friday, a fire broke out in a jowlie hut, belonging to a cart-driver at Sewrie New Road. The fire quickly spread to an adjoining hut and both were burnt down. A goat was burnt alive. The origin of the fire is not known.

FALL FROM A HEIGHT.—On Saturday, at the Morgue, Mr. E. T. Lambert, the Coroner, held an inquest touching the death of a Mahomedan, named Aziz Abdulla, aged 16. It appeared that the deceased was engaged in washing and clearing some stone work on the facade of the Sidick Building on the Hornby Road on Friday, when his foot slipped off some ledge on the second floor of the building and he fell down on the road. Death was instantaneous. The jury returned a verdict of accidental death.

DOLLS AND CHILDREN'S EDUCATION.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—Recently, one of the distinguished physicians, delivered a lecture before a company of scientists on the importance of dolls in the education of children, that every school should have a dolls class, the education of little ones in the care of babies. The "Family doctor," of this month, writes : "That he would not have this a theoretical course, but would have washable, unbreakable dolls so that each child would have her own baby and learn to wash it, dress it, feed it, exercise it, put it to sleep, protect it from chills, and treat it for sore throat and other disorders. In fact, all the information that the girl will afterwards need for bringing up her own babies might be imparted in a concrete form in a way that could be remembered in a dolls class." This is a noble and very useful idea. In a city like Bombay, there are many girl schools and our educational body should consider this important question. By forming such a class in every school, it will be very benefical to the girls when they became mothers to bring up their own babies than giving them other education.—Yours etc.,

ANANDRAO SITARAM DALVI.

Bombay, July 1.

BOXING CONTESTS.

AN interesting programme of five good contests is drawn up for the Boxing Tournament to be held in the Ballliwalla's Grand Theatre, Tardeo, on Wednesday, the 5th instant at 9-30 p. m. The G. I. P. R. Volunteers, the Royal Warwickshire Regiment and other local amateurs are well represented and Mr. Melville of the Bombay Police, the Welter weight Champion of India 1908, Mr. Fred. Wallice Lightweight Champion of China 1910, PtePoole, R. Warwickshire Regt. and Lce-Cprl. Cranbrook are among the competitors for prizes. A very enjoyable evening for the sporting public is promised, the management having declared that the Parsi Champion of Southern India and Burma will also give a sparring exhibition. At the end of the contest an excellent cinematographic exhibition and the "Love in the Tub" pantomime will be given.

SKATING RINK.

THE opening night of the Skating Rink on Saturday proved a huge success, being patronised by a large number of the amusement-loving public of Bombay. The management are to be congratulated on the excellent condition of the rink and on the great success of the opening night. There is little doubt that the rink will in the future prove as attractive an evening rendezvous of fashionable folk as it has done in the past.

THE FOREIGN CABLE COMMUNICATION.

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION

Great Britain.	Continent of Europe.	America.	Australia.	China.	Africa.
Via Teheran Perfect.	Via Teheran Perfect.	Via Brest Perfect	Via Penang Perfect.	Via Penang Perfect.	Via Aden Perfect.
Via Turkey Perfect.	Via Turkey Perfect.	Via Valentia Perfect.	Via Amoor Perfect.	Via Amoor Perfect.	Via Cadiz Teneriffe Perfect.
Via Suez Perfect.	Via Suez Perfect.	Via Direct Cable Perfect.	.....	Via Bhamo Interrupted.	Via Lisbon St. Vincent Perfect.

Latest dates of Foreign Messages received at Bombay from the United Kingdom during the 24 hours ending at 8 p.m. of the 2nd July, 1911.
(Difference in Longitude allowed for.)

Via	Latest Dates. D.	H	M.	Time Occupied in Transmission Hrs.	Mtr.
Turkey ...	1	8	30 p. m.	16	25
Teheran ...	2	11	50 a. m.	1	52
Suez	2	1	40 p. m.	0	44

NOTICES.

Telegrams for Arizpe, Babicora, Banamichi, Ityres, Huimanguillo, Cardenas, and Cunduacan Mexico will not be accepted until further notice. (14-4-11).
Telegrams for Rabat and Casablanca in Morocco, are subject to very great delay. (12-5-11).
Bhamo route to China interrupted beyond Indian Frontier between Tsuyung and Yunnan. (1-7-11).

Since the 9th ult. individual printers at the Cape have been returning to work regardless of the orders of their union, and fifteen men arrived by mail steamer from England. The masters consider that the strike movement is now gradually dying out.

BOMBAY HIGH COURT.

TRICUMDASS MILLS' MORTGAGE.

Further Evidence.

THE Hon'ble Mr. Justice Dinshaw Davar recorded at his bungalow further evidence of the plaintiff in the suit brought by Raja Bahadur Motilal Shivlal against the Tricumdass Mills in liquidation in respect of Rs. 2,00,000 in connection with the mortgage of the mills.
The Hon'ble the Advocate-General, instructed by Messrs. Bhaishankar, Kanga and Girdharlal, appeared for the plaintiff ; the Hon'ble Mr. C. H. Setalwad, instructed by Messrs. Payne and Company, represented Mr. R. D. Settna, liquidator of the mills.
Cross-examined by Mr. Setalvad, witness said Dani held his power of attorney and was his mukhtiar in Bombay. On witness' behalf, he used to give loans to people in Bombay, Dani used to send his reports and recommendations to witness at Hyderabad. In 1905 when he advanced the Rs 6,00,000 to the Tricumdass Mills he was at Hyderabad, Dwarkadas saw witness before the advance was made and asked witness to see the mills as he (Dwarkadass) would require the money from the witness at the time the previous debts on the mills would be due. Witness saw the mills in a good condition and then left for Hyderabad. At the time, the actual advance was made, Dani wrote to the witness recommending the loan on certain terms and conditions. As witness was previously satisfied with the mills he wrote to Dani to get prepared a deed for the first mortgage of the mills by the solicitors and then to make the loan. He had a record of all the letters but he was not sure whether the record existed or not since the floods at Hyderabad. His office had been flooded too. The flood destroyed many books and letters. He had not made any inquiries about the books and letters. The letters written by the witness to Dani must be in Bombay. Witness knew nothing about them. His gumasta looked after the letters. The draft of the first mortgage was sent to him but he returned it to Bombay. One of the terms was that witness was to nominate a director of the mills to look after witness' interest in the mills. Dani was witness' nominee. Witness did not know if he so continued to be a director till the mills went into liquidation. Witness has written to Dani to write to him about the business transacted at the meeting but Dani used to write that no meeting was held. He did not remember if there was also a term in the deed that witness' nominee was to continue as a director till the loan was paid off.
Witness was here shown the deed and he said he now remembered that there was such a term.
Witness said he nominated no one as a director after he had nominated Dani.
Q.—Have you still any doubt that Dani continued as a director till the mill went into liquidation ?
A.—He never wrote to me the particulars of the business transacted at the meeting.
When the negotiations about the five lakhs first opened, witness was in Bombay. Witness arrived in Bombay on the 20th July 1909. Witness was aware of the fact that when negotiations were started for the loan of five lakhs, Dwarkadass was negotiating with Mr. Shapurji Broacha for a loan of eleven lakhs on the first mortgage of the mills and to pay off the witness thereout. Witness had an interview with Mr. Shapurji and Mr. Shapurji said that if witness wished to pay he might do so, or else he (Mr Shapurji) would advance the sum. He did not known of the loan of a lakh and a half by Mr. Vissonji Khimji, but witness used to see Mr Vissonji at Mr. Bhaishankar's office. He was not anxious to advance the five lakhs and to see that the negotiations with Mr. Shapurji should fall through.
Q.—The receipt of the two lakhs does not say anything about the security of the mills ?
A.—Mr. Bhaishanker had told me that the transaction was all right and the receipt was of two lakhs on the second mortgage of the mills.
He did not remember if the receipt was explained to him. As Mr. Bhaishankar was a learned man, witness asked him to see if the receipt was proper. His attorneys sent a reply on the 14th August to the letter of the Bank of India. In that there was no disclaimer of witness' knowledge about the resolution referred to in their letter by the Bank. There was no such understanding between the witness and Dwarkadass that out of the three lakhs that the witness was to advance, the Bank of India was to be paid off. Witness held other securities from Dwarkadass but they were in connection with other transactions.
This concluded the evidence of the plaintiff. The case will be heard in its turn by his Lordship.

POLICE COURTS.

"SATTA GAMBLING" OBJECTED TO.

Promised Removal.

Superintendent Williamson of the Bombay Police charged Mr. Manmohandas Kashidas, Secretary of the Bombay Pinjrapole Association, with causing a public nuisance in that he had rented the Pinrapole property situate in Gaiwadi, Girgaum, to several speculators who assembled in large number, on and about the property to the great annoyance of the people living in the vicinity of Kandawadi and Girgaum.
Mr. Rustomji Bharucha, Solicitor, and Mr. Chotalal, Pleader, defended the accused.
Mr. Williamson, in his evidence, deposed that he did not know the accused. There was a place called Gaiwadi, just off the Girgaum Road, which consisted of a large plot of ground on which stood houses belonging to the Pinjrapole. About the first week of May witness received information that the "ank" and "jot patia suttawalas" had started their "sutta" gambling on that spot. Witness in consequence visited the spot the next evening and had since then gone there on two or three occasions and quietly watched the proceedings. On an average about three to four thousand Indians, of all creeds and nationalities collected there. Before the telegrams were received and opened, great shouting took place and the din created was just like a pandemonium. The people of the locality complained to the witness about the nuisance caused in that locality. Witness produced a written complaint he had received, and proceeding, said he had also received anonymous petitions. The influx of the "jota patiawalas" had necessitated the keeping of extra policemen there to see that no obstruction was caused. It also necessitated the visiting of the place by the European and native police officers oftener then before. Hawkers in "pan" and aerated waters and other riff-raff gathered there to the annoyance of the people living there. The Secretary of the Pinjrapole had placed two Pathans at the gate with belts on and once those Pathans prevented a policeman patrolling there.
Mr. Frank Anderson, Secretary Y.M.C.A., and an Honorary Magistrate, Bombay, was next examined as a witness. He knew the locality as he had to go there every day recently, having a Y. M. C. A. Library in the close vicinity of the place now used by the speculators. Witness was taken there by Mr. Jayakar. There was a very large number of people on that property. In front of on open shed he saw a very large crowd. The people were shouthing gesticulating and making a very great noise. On Wednesday last witness had remained there until 6-30 p.m. At the time of his leaving he saw that some matter about which they had wagered and over which considerable excitement was caused, had been settled, and the bulk of people streamed out on to the Girgaum Road. Many of them passed down Kandawadi and towards the native town. Others remained. They ware sitting on berths erected on the property. If this continued for many days it would alter the locality for the worse.
Mr. Manmohan Ragunath Jayakar, an Interpreter Small Causes Court, was the next witness. He said that the "Speculation Gambling Bazar" was shifted from "Motee Bazar," Mumbadevi, to the Gaiwadi, near Girgaum. The collection of a very large number of people who did not appear to be respectable had made the locality unsafe. Women and children did not find it safe to move out. Ladies were disturbed in their afternoon rest. Hordes of people collected there between 12 noon and 11 p.m., and many stood in front of the houses and stared at the windows. With other residents he also had signed the petition sent to police, complaining against the nuisance.
Several other residents, living in the locality who had complained to the police, were examined.
At the rising of the Court, it was stated on behalf of the defence, that notices would be served on the occupiers to vacate the premises on the 25th instant.
Further hearing was adjourned to the 6th instant.

ALLEGED THEFT OF WATCHES.

ON Saturday, at the Esplanade Police Court, before Mr. A. H. S. Aston, Chief Presidency Magistrate, Inspector Power charged Private Frank Pearse and Private Thomas Giles, of the Warwickshire Regiment, with the theft of two watches of the value of Rs. 18. It appeared from evidence that on Friday night the accused went to one Ahmed Haji Abdulla's shop at Abdul Rehman Street and asked to be shewn some watches. They were, shown some watches, out of which they selected two and made off with them. They were however pursued and arrested. They pleaded guilty, and were convicted and sentenced, the first accused to undergo fourteen days' and the second, who had a previous conviction, to undergo one month's rigorous imprisonment.

HIGH COURT.—JULY 3.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Russell).

For Consent Decree.

734-09—Shroff D and D Sakinabai widow vs. Kareem Peer Mahomed and others Little and Co.
819-09—Jehangir and S Danjishaw A Bolton vs Ramdas Gordhandas Wadia G and Co.
710-10—Kanga and S Nursey Virji vs. Shripat Jugonath and others Nanu H and Co.

Suits for Hearing and Final Disposal.

Long Causes.

1174-09—Chitnis M and K Anaji Luxmon Sakharkar vs Narotamdas Anandji Mansukhlal J H and Co Part heard.
253-11 Payne and Co, Arab Mahomed bin Hasan Jesti vs Gulabchand Hazarilal and another Jamshedji R P and Co, Daphtary F and D.
323-10—Bhaishankar K and G Nemchand Manekchand and others vs Revashankar Manchharam Selat Malvi H M and B.
442-10 Payne and Co, Abdul Hoosein Russulbhai vs Charanji Lall Natholi Mull, Malvi H M and R
642-07 Tyabji D and Co, R D Sethna vs Lala Jeydayal and others.
406-10 N B Vakil, Sakoobai widow vs Warubai and others, Smetham B and Co.
909-08 Smetham B and Co, Janabai widow vs Sakuba widow and another, Nadirsha and D Dikshit D and S
71-10 Mulla and M, Ratanji Jamshedji Tata vs Jacinto Jas Baretto and others.
781-09 Payne and Co, Jehangir Ardesir Moos and another vs Vijayalal and Co, Motichand and D.
266-10 Mirza M and M, Kalidas Narayendas and Bros vs Kedarnath Budrinath and another Shroff D and D.
586-10 Judah and S, Tar Mahomed Haji Adamji vs The Bombay Persia Steam Navigation Co, Crawford B and Co
656-10 Thakurdas and Co, Messrs F Fischer and Co vs Charles And

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

The City Line steamer City of York, 5018 tons, Captain J Wilson, sailed on Sunday for Liverpool via Karachi [illegible] general cargo.

The [illegible] Lawoe, 1817 tons, Captain W Francis, arrived in harbour on Saturday from Calcutta with a cargo of coal.

The steamer Cloutsham, 3075 tons, Captain W Osborne, arrived in harbour on Saturday from Barry via Port Said in ballast.

The B I S N Co's steamer Lhasa, 950 tons, Captain H McDiarmed, arrived in harbour on Saturday from Karachi, with a general cargo and passengers.

The steamer Neutmoor, 2103 tons, Captain R Taylor, arrived in harbour on Saturday from Alexandria via Port Said in ballast.

The B I S N Co's steamer Sofala, 2486 tons, Captain J G Bowman, will sail to-day for Java in ballast.

The steamer Fife, 2494 tons, Captain A Harrison, will sail to-day for Philadelphia, with a general cargo.

The steamer Eggesford, 2,216 tons, Captain B King, arrived in harbour on Saturday night from Newport for orders she sailed for Karachi on Sunday.

The steamer Ariel, 2209 tons, Captain H Hyde, arrived in harbour on Saturday evening from Calcutta June 15 with a cargo of coal.

The B I S N Co's steamer Dumra, 762 tons, Captain H Manley, arrived in harbour yesterday from Basreh June, 25, via Karachi with a general cargo and passengers.

The B I S N Co's steamer Landaura, 3303 tons, Captain A G Abbott, arrived in harbour yesterday from Calcutta via Coast ports with a general cargo.

The B I S N Co's steamer Chupra, 3954 tons, Captain Henderson, arrived in harbour yesterday from Antwerp May 6 with a general cargo.

The Committee of the Bombay Chamber of Commerce have decided that Friday, 30th June, should be regarded as a Full Weather Working Day for Vessels in the Prince's and Victoria Docks.

MEN-OF-WAR & ROYAL INDIAN MARINE SHIPS.

R I M S Northbrook...B H Jones .....R I Marine
R I M S Mayo...Lt Comdr...G V Fortesth...RI Marine
R I M S Palinurus .....Lt W Taylor .....Survey Vessel

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR.—July 1.

Blake.....2996 Hill.....W & A Graham & Co
Banca.....3794 Collyer .....P & O Co
Baron Napier.....3159 Gondey...W & A Graham & Co
Crosby.....2531 Bovey .....
Cloutsham.....3075 Osborne.....W & A & Co
Earl of Elgin...2971 Robertson ..W & A Graham & Co
Erington Court..2781 Gleghorn...W & A Graham & Co
Ellen .....2474 Jacobsen.....Correy Bros & Co
Gymeric.....2553 Williams .....E Tajiboy
Galles.....555 Wyatt.....K Nixon & Co
Hatumet .....3584 Peters .....T Morrison & Co
Itola.....3401 Tucker .....M M & Co
Lawoe.....1817 Francis .....
Malda.....1251 Bamber.....M M & Co
Nadir.....2041 White.....T M & Co
Neutmoor .....2103 Taylor .....T M & Co
Palamcotta .....2407 Diamond.....Durban....M M & Co
Shah Jehan .....2566 Born .....Shah S N Co
Virawa.....2176 Emmett .....M M & Co
Budrie.....1613 Pigot .....P Gulf ..... 3-7... Arab S N Co

VESSELS IN DOCK.—July 1.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessel.	Ton.	Capt.	Dest.	Date.	Agents.
A Clan Shaw	2404	Hunter	Dunkirk	4-7	J Finlay & Co
B Delhi	4784	Bradshaw	China	5-7	P & O S N Co
D&E Clan Farquhar	3759	Wadge	Genoa	8-7	J Finlay & Co
F Sofala	3126	Bowman	Java	3-7	M M & Co
G Hoscines	993	D Lorne	Red Sea Ports	5-7	B & P S N Co
H Gerd	751	Andreasen		F F Campbell & Co	
K Clavercak	2441	Tayler	Antwerp	10-7	W & A Graham & Co
M Salsette	2391	Lewallin	Aden	8-7	P & O Co
N Fife	2494	Harrison	Philadelphia	3-7	T Morrison & Co
O Umsinga	1863	Robertson	Antwerp	4-7	W & A Graham & Co
P Rokeby	2455	Sheldrake	Liverpool	1-7	W & A Graham & Co
Q Dorrington Court	2363	Wilson	Antwerp	3-6	W & A Graham & Co
Q Inverness	2401	Venus		3-7	T Morrison & Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

1 Ariosto	2760	Bradley	Karachi	4-7	J Finlay & Co
2 Circassia	4315	Osborne	Liverpool	11-7	W & A Graham & Co
3 Glenstrae	3654	McGillivray	Amsterdam	8-7	W & A Graham & Co
4 Asama	2705	Home	Dunkirk	3-7	T M & Co
5 Clan Graham	3289	Elliott	Dunkirk	3-7	W & A Graham & Co
7 Kristiania	1672	Johnson	Philadelphia	8-7	W & A Graham & Co
10&11 City of Paris	5910	Campbell	Karachi	20-6	K Nixon & Co
12 & 13 Arabia	4098	Palmer			P & O Co
16 Alavi	2324	Gray	Marseilles	8-7	B & P S N Co

BID

Dwarka .....759 Moxon .....M M & Co

HWPD

Bahadur.....829 Ahmed .....Bo S N Co
Courland.....763 Ebram .....N F ...Bo S N Co
Dredgeshaken.....401 Morrison .....Repairin.....Repy B P T
Kaveri.....553 Mahomed .....Bo S N Co

ARRIVALS.

July	Vessels	Commanders	From
1	Lawoe	Francis	Calcutta, June 11
	Lhasa	McDiarmed	Karachi, June 29
	Neutmoor	Taylor	Alexandria, June 15
	Cloutsham	Osborne	Barry, May 20
	Ariel	Hyde	Calcutta, June 15
	Eggesford	King	Newport, Apr 1
2	Dumra	Manley	Basreh, June 25
	Landaura	Abbott	Calcutta, &c
	Chupra	Henderson	Antwerp, May 6

DEPARTURES.

July	Vessels.	Commanders.	Destination.
1	Koerber	Casulich	Trieste, &c
	Lichtenfels	Freedon	Hamburg
	Tosa Maru	Sato	Kobe, &c
	Himalaya	Jregor	London
	M'quis Jacquehem	Jarmelich	Trieste, &c
2	City of York	Wilson	Liverpool, &c
	Eggesford	King	Karachi

The following vessels obtained their portclearances on Saturday :—

Steamer Sofala, Bowman, for Java.
„ Fife, Harrison, for Philadelphia.

The following vessels entered for loading on Saturday.

Steamer Neutmoor, for London, Liverpool, &c.
„ Cloutsham, for Liverpool, &c.
„ Nadir, for Calcutta, &c.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The Austrian Lloyd's steamer Vorwaerts, left Trieste on the 27th ultimo and is due here on the 19th instant.

The Anchor Line steamer Scindia, outward bound passed Suez on the 29th ultimo and is due to arrive here on the afternoon of the 10th instant.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY MAJOR R. W. R. PENNINGTON, COMMANDING.

Bombay, 3rd July.

182. Lecture—A lecture will be delivered by Major J R Kennedy, 96th Berar Infantry in the R A Lecture Room, Colaba on July 5th at 12 noon.

Subject :—Napolean's Marshals.

All members are invited to attend. Mufti may be worn.

W. H. LEACH, Lieut. R. V. A.,
Actg. Adjt. B. V. A.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY MAJOR P. R. CADELL.

Bombay, 3rd July.

[illegible] Musketry—The Range at Ghat Kopar is [illegible] for Class-firing parts I and II on Mondays and Tuesdays and Part III on Thursdays until further orders by train leaving Victoria Terminus at 6 a.m.

Members intending to go out should notify Head-Quarters the day previous. Arms will be issued on the Range.

515. Parade—"G" Company will parade at the Bombay Gymkhana this Monday morning 3rd instant at 7-30 instead of Wednesday. All Recruits of the current season should endeavour to attend. Dress-Mufti. Rifles will be issued on Parade.

E. G. J. BYRNE, Captain,
Adjt. R. V. R.

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Chester, 125 deg.	4 12 2	do.
Devoes Brilliant 125 deg.	4 8 2	do.
Tiger 125 deg.	4 8 2	do.
Monkey, 125 deg.	4 0 2	do.
White Camelia 125° (in tins)	3 10 0	per two tins.
Elephant, 125 deg. (in tins)	3 10 0	do.
do. 125 deg. (in Bulk)	3 0 0	per 8 gallons
Camel 125 deg. (in tins)	3 10 0	per two tins

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A Lecture delivered

BY

LT.-COL. COLLIE, I.M.S.

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Postal letters and covers should be addressed Box 209, General Post Office, Bombay.

The Bombay Gazette.

Monday, 3rd July, 1911.

THE DOMINIONS AND THE CONFERENCE.

If the Sixth Imperial Conference has demonstrated anything at all, it is that the self-governing Dominions are still far from any favourable view of schemes of Imperial Federation. Undeniably, the first Conference summoned, since the creation of the Imperial Secretariat, has disappointed those who may have expected it to work a definite advance towards concrete proposals for closer unity and more effective organisation in the interests of the Empire as a whole. Some of us had imagined that, while at Home there has been a steady growth in the English mind of the conception of the Empire as a unit, the Dominions had themselves substantially broadened their outlook. It was assumed that, while claiming a status of equality with the Mother Country, they had advanced from the position they had taken up with the grant of self-government. That position has been well described by a writer, who urged that the true destiny of the Empire did not lie in any form of organic union, however, elastic, and that the five self-governing Sister States could achieve no more than permanent "alliances" with each other. This was the view maintained by Mr. Richard Jebb in his "Studies in Colonial Nationalism"—a view that with the growth in England of public opinion and knowledge concerning the Empire, he has now somewhat modified. But from a very early stage in the proceedings of the Imperial Conference it became clear that the young nations had in no sense altered their conception of their relationship and that they were still determined to assert within the Empire all the freedom compatible with their own existence. The restiveness and suspicion engendered by Downing Street control, has given place to the exigent and successful demand to be consulted by the Home Government in reference to matters of an international character affecting their interests. But on the other hand, they are claiming a liberty of action in their own spheres, that threatens to emphasise and magnify the discrete and divergent rather than the common interests of the separate States. If we were anxious only to indicate the extent to which the Conference may be judged a failure, we might say that nothing has been more remarkable than the jealous opposition offered to suggestions for improving or adding to the present small and fragile machinery of Imperial organisation. A severely candid critic might add that more than one of the Dominion Ministers has displayed an inability to take a comprehensive view of the whole Imperial problem. The Conference has been concerned mainly with matters of minor and subsidiary importance, and even in regard to these it almost seems that—largely because of mutual distrust—the Colonial statesmen have failed to make the most of the opportunities presented to them. Suspicion of each other and regard for exclusive interests appear to have dictated the rejection of certain admirable proposals quite as much as suspicion of Imperial control.

Perhaps it was inevitable that it should be so. A "Cabinet of Cabinets" called together to consider problems of Empire, remarkable as it may be in many respects, is still composed of politicians. It has been manifest that the Dominion Premiers were unable entirely to leave aside considerations of State politics when they entered the Conference and that fact, it is plain, has a special bearing on the attitude of Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Canada, it will be remembered, intimated beforehand that she had no suggestions to offer as to the subjects that should be set down for discussion. Sir Wilfrid Laurier subsequently explained that he and his colleagues in the Dominion Government thought that the matters left over from the Conference of 1907 were almost sufficient to engage the attention of the new Imperial Assembly of Premiers. Perhaps they were right, but, however, that may be, it has since been made unmistakably apparent that Canada is pursuing a clearly thought-out policy. So far as the Imperial connection is concerned, she is quite content with things as they are. Rather than add to the possibilities of outside control by the creation even of a Standing Committee of the Imperial Conference, she prefers to let well alone. She has no desire to be consulted in regard to treaties negotiated by the Home Government, lest such consultation should imply the necessity of taking part in any war that might result from matters involved in those treaties. But, on the other hand, she desires to be able to withdraw from the operation of any treaty applying to the Overseas Dominions that may have been concluded by the Home Government. It has to be noted, that in putting forward this proposition, Canada asks for no liberty that she is not prepared to see extended to the other self-governing States of the Empire. Moreover, it is the perfectly logical corollary to the right to negotiate commercial treaties on her own account that has been conceded to her without opposition from any party. Sixteen years ago, Lord Ripon, writing on behalf of the Liberal Government of the day, declared that "to give the Colonies the power of negotiating treaties for themselves without reference to Her Majesty's Government would be to give them an international status as separate and sovereign States, and would be equivalent to breaking up the Empire into a number of independent States,—a result, which Her Majesty's Government are satisfied, would be injurious equally to the Colonies and to the Mother Country and would be desired by neither." Yet, with the full approval of the present Government and the frank recognition by the Leader of the Opposition, that the conditions are now changed, Canada has recently carried on independently precisely such negotiations as Lord Ripon criticised. Only now, when Canada is asking that the next most natural step should be taken, is the real tendency of Colonial nationalism beginning to be realised and responsible journals at Home, having become somewhat alarmed by the attitude of Sir Wilfrid Laurier, have been making rather belated appeals to the principle emphasised nearly twenty years ago by Lord Ripon. In quarters where the greatest hopes were built on this year's Conference, dissatisfaction with its results has been most profound and its proceedings have helped still further to intensify a pessimism produced by the remarkable condition of Home politics. But it is manifest that the Canadian Prime Minister, obliged as he is to think first of all of the development of his own country, can make a very plausible answer to those who assert that the policy he represents is the negation of Empire.

The Dominion is first of all faced with the necessity of smoothing out certain difficulties that will inevitably arise as the sequence to the adoption of the Canadian-American Reciprocity Agreement. If Canada is not to be obliged as a result of that agreement to grant tariff concessions to foreign countries with whom Great Britain has concluded most-favoured-nation treaties, she must be able to withdraw from them. Action of that kind will only be possible if the Home Government can be persuaded to denounce portions of these treaties so far as they relate to the Colonies. In asking so much, Canada points out that in a number of countries the United Kingdom now enjoys tariff advantages that are not conceded to herself. But over and above all these material questions Sir Wilfrid Laurier has to reckon with the sentiment of a large body of his political supporters. He has also just now to calculate the chances of an impending general election and its possible results for the party which he leads and which has held power for so many years in the Dominion. It cannot be denied that Canadians of French descent look with much dubiety upon any tendency to increase or magnify. The symbol and panoply of Imperialism, fearful lest it may mean some loss of local autonomy. Their ideal seems to be loyalty to the throne combined with the fullest sense of freedom to do as they like in their own domain. After all that appears to be equally the ideal of South Africa, Australia, New Zealand, and New Foundland and only New Zealand, as represented by Sir Joseph Ward, seems to be imbued with a fervour for creating unity by the method of adding to official agencies. Yet, if the sixth Imperial Conference has shown that the Dominions are not yet prepared either for an Imperial Council or for the lesser authority of a Standing Committee on which all would be represented and are even not yet prepared to co-operate in the application of a well-conceived policy of immigration, the Assembly has not been entirely without good result. In the first place the Dominion Premiers have been taken into the confidence of the Home Government and have been given an insight into foreign policy as it affects the problem of Imperial defence. Next the Oversea States have secured an undertaking that they shall be consulted in reference to the instructions to be given to the British Delegates at future meetings of the Hague Conference and in reference to international agreements affecting their interests. Furthermore, something is to be done towards meeting their views in regard to the constitution of the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council for the purpose of deciding appeals, and an advance is to be made towards uniformity of the naturalisation laws throughout the Empire. If the Conference had had no further result this at least could be reckoned a great gain towards the cultivation of the Imperial sentiment. In the future citizenship of the British Empire will be as universal—at any rate throughout the self-governing States—as was that of Imperial Rome. The limitations, the Colonies contemplate applying to the idea cannot be overlooked, but the proposal is at all events a considerable step towards the recognition everywhere of the Imperial citizenship of his Majesty's subjects without distinction of race or creed.

Co-operation and Seed Supply. Mr. G. D. Mehta, of the Agricultural Department, who has been detailed to examine the seed supply of the Broach district, has issued a second report. His first, which appeared some months ago, dealt with the cold weather crops, for which he found that the seed was not satisfactory, and suffered much from attack by weevils. He recommended the extension of a form of co-operation in buying seed, which had been adopted at Detral. He now deals with rains or Kharif crops and from all he says, in both reports, the Broach cultivator is certainly deserving of assistance in the improvement of his seed supply. As far as his circumstances permit, he always tries to get the best seed available, and this characteristic is more marked in the rains than it is in the cold weather. Mr. Mehta found that even the poorest cultivator was anxious to purchase seed from another farmer, who had preserved seed in the best manner possible, rather than go to a shopkeeper and pay less money. The cultivators generally seem afraid to buy seed in the bazaar, and those in more substantial circumstances even go to the trouble and expense of obtaining their seed from a distance, when they get news of a reliable supply. They generally expressed a willingness to pay a price ten per cent higher than the average current rate, if an agency which would guarantee a good quality were established. This is especially desired in regard to cotton seed, because in this district, owing to excessive early rains the farmers are often obliged to sow their cotton seed twice or thrice. The best selected seed which is sown first is often lost and then the farmer has to go to the nearest ginning factory or shopkeeper. It is thus no wonder, says Mr. Mehta, that the quality and quantity of the crops should deteriorate every year, and it seems of great importance that some agency should be established, which can sell good seed at least in times of scarcity. The cotton crop, which is the most valuable, is almost always sown with seed three-fifths of which is useless. Discussing the best remedy for this state of affairs, Mr. Mehta discards hand-ginning as being too long and tedious an operation for any but the best cultivators to undertake, but thinks that the establishment of a small ginning factory might be considered. To the system of co-operation adopted by the Detral farmers, however, he again looks for what he regards as the best solution of the problem. "This," he says, "is a method of securing good seed introduced spontaneously by the cultivators of this village with excellent results, and is one of the best examples of the success of a co-operative system among Indian villagers. It simply consists in the cultivators of a village, as a whole, making arrangements with a neighbouring gin to treat their seed cotton separately. Each farmer in the village picks the best bolls of the seed cotton from his farm and adds it to the lot similarly picked by the other farmers of the village. The whole lot is then taken to Broach, ginned separately in a local factory, the manager of which has arranged to return the seed to the farmers without allowing it to be mixed with any other seed. This is only possible because the total quantity, supplied for this purpose by the co-operation of the villagers is large enough to justify this care on the part of the gin-owner. The seed, after ginning, is then divided among the farmers according to their share of the seed cotton, and this seed alone is used for the next year's sowing." This system will no doubt commend itself best to Government as assisting in that development of agricultural co-operation for which they are anxious. It is an excellent sign that in one village the cultivators should have spontaneously instituted a scheme of co-operation and have worked it satisfactorily for three years. With the prospect of so much support from the agriculturists generally, it should not be difficult to extend its benefits throughout the district. In the meantime, Mr. Mehta should be complimented on the thoroughness with which he has performed his task and the clear and interesting manner in which he has prepared a report, which should be of value in other parts of the Presidency at least as an example of what a little enterprise can perform.

London and its Traffic. An interesting phase of London's traffic problem was reached during mail week, when announcement was made of special measures which will now be adopted by the police. The problem which has to be solved in London arises from the new conditions created by the great development of motor traffic. Not only have swift vehicles, rapidly turning and able to dart here and there to be dealt with, but huge lumbering motor-vans which in crowded streets can hold up any number of vehicles, horse-driven and motor-driven alike. It is felt that existing laws and powers are not sufficient to cope with the situation, and yet the lethargy of the authorities has forced the police to undertake a rather daring experiment. The London County Council has been recommended to form a London Traffic Board, armed with the necessary power to frame adequate regulations, but so far have done nothing. The police have, therefore, to do the best they can under existing conditions and it has been announced by Sir Edward Henry, the Chief Commissioner, that in future an effort will be made to restrict the slower moving traffic to the line of road near the kerb, while the faster vehicles will have the use of the crown of the road. It is admitted that the police have no power to make a binding regulation to this effect, but they have the approval and co-operation of local authorities in their action, and it is hoped that some genuine improvement may be effected in this way. Further powers, however, appear to be a necessity. It is believed that in some of the more congested streets the only way out of the difficulty is to confine the slow-moving traffic to certain hours when it causes the least inconvenience, while in such a street as Bond-street, for instance, it is thought that the motor-bus might with advantage be forbidden altogether.

Among the passengers, who proceeded to Europe on Saturday last by the P. and O. Co.'s mail steamer "Himalaya," were :—Sir F. G. Dumayne, H. H. the Thakore Saheb of Morvi and Brigadier-General G. J. Younghusband.

Sanction has been accorded to the establishment of an opium warehouse within the Simla district, for all opium imported into the Punjab from the Native States, under the political control of the Superintendent, Hill Stations, Simla.

Two resolutions will shortly be issued in the Finance Department, one dealing with the enhanced financial powers of local Governments and the other detailing changes in the existing financial policy towards the major provinces.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

FRENCH CABINET.

Situation in Morocco.

PORTUGUESE POLITICS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

PARIS, June 17.

For various reasons, which scarcely need recapitulation, the Ministry is regarded as being in a rather critical position. It is true that at two o'clock on Wednesday morning, the Havas Agency sent out the following note, which was intended to be reassuring: "We are authorised to declare that there is not the slightest foundation for the report that the President of the Council has thought of tendering his resignation to the President of the Republic after the Cabinet Council, which is to be held on Thursday afternoon, at the Ministry of the Interior. We are also authorised to state that no difference, whether on the question of the demarcations (i.e. of the champagne districts) or on any other question, has arisen between the President of the Council and the members of the Cabinet." This is clear, and, as far as it goes, to the point; but other factors have to be reckoned with, too. There is no doubt, for one thing that the shocking accident which has confined M. Monis to his room has had the effect of weakening the position of the Cabinet in Parliament, as the place of the Prime Minister has not always been adequately filled in the important debates on internal questions at the Senate and the Chamber of Deputies. The cry that the Government has not displayed the authority required in dealing with troublesome domestic matters has been extending, and foremost among these trying questions is that of the demarcation of the champagne country. There is to be another interpellation on this difficult subject at the Senate to-morrow and if the Government emerges unscathed from this ordeal it will be faced with yet another interpellation on the same matter in the Lower House. M. Monis as is well known, has throughout the crisis in the champagne districts, obstinately adhered to the policy of demarcation, although the many tragic events that have occurred have rendered it generally unpopular. Then there is the railway sabotage, not to speak of other things which have also excited considerable criticism. When the present Ministry came into office a few months ago, it practically reversed in many respects the policy which M. Briand had pursed with so much success, and many of its mild experiments have ended in disaster. This is the reason for the cry for a Government that will govern and will not suffer any further excesses. The Cabinet Council held at nine o'clock on Thursday evening lasted for two hours. It is understood that the Ministers were not quite agreed on the main point at issue, namely, the question of the delimitations of the Champagne district but that, finally, it was agreed to submit a proposal to the Senate, the ultimate effect of which will be substantially to restore the former regime. It is believed that M. Pams, Minister of Agriculture, will speak in behalf of the Government.

SITUATION IN MOROCCO.

M. Cruppi, Minister for Foreign Affairs, in the French Chamber, on Wednesday, replying to an interpellation on the Moorish question, justified the humane and generous intervention of France at Fez, which had been made with the approbation of the civilised world and the ardent and constant sympathy of France's friends in Great Britain. "We went to Fez," said M. Cruppi, "not only on account of the police mandate given to us at Algeciras, but also in view of our rights arising from our occupation of Algeria, and in response to repeated and urgent appeals from the Sultan, who represents the sovereignty and integrity of Morocco." M. Cruppi recalled the alarming reports received from M. Gaillard, the French Consul, and the murder of a courier. Everything, he said, had justified the despatch of the relief column. "Let us respect the Act of Algeciras," he continued. "By that Act the whole world admits the special role that falls to France for the introduction of reforms, but we must respect the sovereignty of the Sultan and the integrity of his empire." If they had gone forward to Tazza, he said, they would have been obliged to attack the tribes in revolt beyond that town, which would have constituted a veritable work of conquest. They could not, therefore, advance in that direction except in case of absolute necessity. It was, therefore, prudent to reach Fez by the Shawia route. Replying to a question, M. Cruppi said that had they advanced from the east over the Muluya they would not have violated the Act of Algeciras. There was no legal or political reason against advancing from both sides, but there was also the question of tactics and advisability to be considered. Incidentally, they had built a bridge over the Muluya which would be a useful instrument in the work of the penetration and civilisation of Morocco. The Government, he said, would always remain loyal to its pledge. They did not want to occupy more territory, but it would be useless to recall their troops, for they would merely have to return to Morocco to deal with fresh incidents. "We shall," the Minister continued, "create a Sherifian army, pursue the execution of reforms, organise the police, ensure order, restore the Sultan's authority to the advantage of all, and maintain the open door, economic liberty, and commercial freedom. General Moinier will then bring back his troops after chastising the Zaers (the tribe that murdered Lieutenant Marchand and several French soldiers last winter.) We shall thus have accomplished a work beneficial to the interests not only of France, but of the whole world. We shall loyally have accomplished our duty." A resolution approving the Government's declaration was adopted.

PORTUGUESE UNREST.

That Portugal continues in a state of unrest, in spite of the declarations of the Press and of Ministers, is proved by the frequent acts of rebellion committed in the northern provinces, such as the refusal of priests to give up church registers, the stoning of Republican deputies, and the attempts—sometimes successful—on the part of the populace to prevent the arrest of priests accused of preaching against the Provisional Government. Such occurrences as these are not, taken singly, of any great importance, but as they are of more frequent occurrence now than they have been since the proclamation of the Republic, they serve to show that the provinces are by no means so reconciled to the idea of being governed by a particular party, without having been given the chance of expressing any opinion in the matter, as is suggested. A great deal of this hostile feeling may be attributed to the law separating Church and State, which, in spite of a great deal of propaganda in its favour, has been received with feelings of disgust at the spirit in which it has been conceived. In this district, at meetings held to consider their position regarding the new law, the priests have almost unanimously decided not to accept the provision granted them, and have passed resolutions of unconditional adherence to the orders of the Pope and Bishops. Unless the law is amended, it is exceedingly unlikely that the Government will be able to enforce its execution in the numerous small country towns and villages of Portugal, where the priests still have a great deal of influence.

COUNTER REVOLUTION REPORTED.

Chaves, a town about ten miles from the Spanish frontier, was reported on Monday, to have been taken by Monarchist troops. For the last two days there has been a strong concentration of troops at that place, whence they have been marched to the frontier. This movement of troops has not been mentioned by the newspapers. The Madrid correspondent of the Exchange Telegraph Company telegraphed that telegrams received there from Vigo, stated that a Monarchist revolution had commenced at Chaves, where the Portuguese garrison had killed the commandant in the Place Braga. The Monarchists stormed and destroyed the office of a Republican newspaper. The movement was spreading to the Spanish frontier. A rumour was current at Vigo on Wednesday afternoon that a regiment of infantry and some cavalry belonging to the garrison of Chaves, in Portugal, had mutinied. A report from Tuy says that the same rumour was in circulation there. It is further stated that acts of insubordination have occurred among the garrison at Villa Real, but this report lacks confirmation. One hundred and thirty-six deputies, who have already been declared, elected to the National Constituent Assembly, met in the Deputies' Hall as a preparatory committee, under the presidency of Senhor Braamcamp Freire, the secretaries being the two youngest deputies present. The object of the sitting was to confirm the mandates of deputies before the opening meeting of the Assembly on Monday. The Ministers of State attended simply as deputies, and a numerous gathering of Portuguese society was present at the ceremony. At the proposal of the president, three committees were appointed to verify the mandates of the deputies and to examine the electoral documents. Their labours will last two days, after which certificates will be handed to all deputies declared duly elected, to enable them to be present at the opening sitting on Monday.

GERMAN EMPEROR'S POLICY.

Extreme reactionary Prussian Conservatives of the old school are figuratively up in arms against the Emperor, whose policy is too progressive for them. Their displeasure has been excited, because the Government has conferred constitutional rights, combined with a democratic franchise, on Alsace-Lorraine, because the Secretary of State for the Interior conferred with a number of Socialist deputies with the object of securing their support for the extension of the State insurance scheme now before the Reichstag, and finally because his Majesty met Mr. Ramsay Macdonald, M.P., at Lord Haldane's dinner in London. One Conservative journal states that Lord Haldane invited Mr. Macdonald by the Emperor's request, as his Majesty desired to thank Mr. Macdonald for the latter's efforts to promote Anglo-German friendship. The "Vossische Zeitung," describing this agitation, says: "This Conservative movement is directed against the House of Hohenzollern, and its chief attacks are aimed at the Chancellor and the Minister of the Interior, but they are really meant for the Emperor. We must expect the Conservatives now to attempt to drive Dr. Bethmann von Hollweg and Herr von Delbruck from office, and if the effort is frustrated by his Majesty's firmness they will open a campaign against him as their political opponent. The Emperor is not sufficiently subservient to the junkers. He must be called to order, and if he does not submit with due humility, terrible consequences will be foretold."

NEW BELGIAN CABINET.

The new Belgian Cabinet, headed by Baron de Broqueville, will probably come before the Chamber, next Tuesday, for the delivery of the Government's declaration of policy. The task of the new Ministers is by no means an easy one. They will have to embark upon a very careful education policy, as the Opposition is as resolutely united against the Scholaert Bill now as it was under the Premiership of M. Schollaert. In fact, the Government can only await next year's elections before they propose any important measure affecting the fundamental interests of the general community, the small majority the Government enjoy in the Chamber not allowing of a forward policy, M. de Broqueville and his colleagues will first have to hasten the passing of the Budgets, which have, owing to the obstruction of the Opposition, been awaiting discussion ever since January. For the winter session, they will have to prepare for the elections, both communal and legislative, which must take place in 1912.

The crisis which ended is a warning to the Conservatives in Belgium. They have been taught, to their cost, that they must now take into account the growing 'Liberal-Socialist opposition, which is now strong enough to bring to nought the efforts of any Government. The chief efforts of the Conservatives will now be at the polls; if the next election is not a great victory, it is to be feared that the Broqueville Ministry will have been the last of the Conservative Governments in this country for some years to come.

GERMAN CHARGE AGAINST A BRITISH TRAWLER.

Several leading German newspapers give great prominence to a story of alleged British espionage along the coast between Wilhelmshafen and Hamburg, and also around Heligoland. The British steam trawler "Skipjack," so the story goes, "cast anchor first off Emden, then off Wilhelmshafen at the beginning of May. During the German fleet manœuvres this steamer was constantly sighted within the manœuvre area. In fact, from beginning to end she was in close vicinity to the High Sea Fleet, while it was performing its exercises. 'Afterwards the 'Skipjack' cruised for some time near Heligoland. As soon as the fleet manœuvres were concluded, she disappeared. The 'Skipjack,' by following the movements of the manœuvring fleet, violated international etiquette, which requires that an area within which the fleet of another nation manœuvring shall be avoided unless there is urgent necessity for crossing it. No such necessity existed in this case, because the 'Skipjack' cruised in waters which as a rule are never visited by British trawlers." It is added that other suspicious vessels have recently been noticed near Borkum which have not shown their colours, although requested by signal to indicate their nationality. These mysterious craft are supposed to be engaged on British espionage service.

ALBANIAN INSURGENTS.

The Turkish Government has advised at the following decision concerning the Malissory (Albanian, insurgents, who are now hemmed in by the Ottoman troops :—"A period of ten days is allotted to the Malissori within which they are to surrender to the Ottoman authorities. Should they lay down their arms before this period expires no judicial proceedings of any kind will be taken against them for acts which gave rise to the present military operations. His Majesty the Sultan, inspired by sentiments of magnanimous generosity, has decided to give £T10,000 for repairing the inevitable damage caused by these military operations, and which the population itself is not in a position to repair. Besides this, the Imperial Ottoman Government will take steps to assure the welfare and prosperity of that region with all due regard to local conditions. General Torgut Shefket Pasha, Commander-in-Chief of the Turkish troops, will issue a proclamation giving effect to the above-mentioned decisions."

THE CROP OUTLOOK.

Prospects Generally Fair.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, July 1.

The crop telegrams for the week ending June 24 indicate that the rainfall in the United Provinces and Punjab so far has proved sufficient for agricultural purposes, but rain is urgently needed in Central India, the Central Provinces and Rajputana where the situation is becoming acute. The following are extracts from the official messages:—

Central India:—The rainfall was nil in Malva

THE KING AND HIS CORONATION.

GRACIOUS LETTER TO HIS PEOPLE,

Entertainment to 100,000 Children.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, JUNE 30.

King George has sent to Mr. Churchill, the Home Secretary, the following letter :—

To my people,—Now that the Coronation and its attendant ceremonies are over, I desire to assure the people of the British Empire of my grateful sense that their hearts have been with me through it all.

I felt this in the beautiful and impressive service in the Abbey, the most solemn experience of my life, and scarcely less in the stirring scenes of the succeeding days, when my people signified their recognition and their heartfelt welcome of me as their Sovereign. For this has been apparent, not only in the loyal enthusiasm shown in our passage to and from Westminster and in the progresses, which we made in the different districts of London, but also in the thousands of messages of goodwill, which have come to me across the seas from every part of the Empire.

Such an affectionate demonstration has profoundly touched me and filled me afresh with faith and confidence. Believing this generous, outspoken sympathy with the Queen and myself is, under God, our surest source of strength, I am encouraged to go forward with new hope. Whatever perplexities and difficulties may lie before me and my people, we shall unite in facing them resolutely and calmly and with public spirit, confident that under Divine guidance the ultimate outcome will be to the common good.

GEORGE, R. ET I.

A Memorable Gathering.

LONDON, JUNE 30.

King George and Queen Mary, accompanied by the Prince of Wales, Princess Mary and the Princes Albert and George, this afternoon, motored from Buckingham Palace to the Crystal Palace, where they entertained 100,000 school children.

The railway lines to the Crystal Palace were closed to the public and devoted to transporting children. Over a hundred special trains were run. The weather was fine.

The children received their Majesties with indescribable enthusiasm, perhaps the most memorable ovation given their Majesties during the Coronation period.

LONDON, JULY 1.

King George, in a message, says that he and the Queen will ever remember the great gathering of children at the Crystal Palace. It was striking in its vast array and dignified simplicity, in its perfect order and touching spirit. The King feels that London may well be proud of its children. Their eagerness to carry out the instructions, and to uphold credit of schools with marvellous self-restraint augurs well for their own and the country's future.

Dinner with the Premier.

LONDON, JULY 1.

The King and Queen were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Asquith at dinner in Downing Street last evening. The dinner was followed by private theatricals. Most of the Cabinet were present, together with Lord and Lady Lansdowne, Lord Curzon, Mr. Balfour, and the Countess of Minto.

RELIGIOUS QUESTION IN SPAIN.

Bomb Throwing at Madrid.

MADRID, JUNE 30.

During a procession yesterday of fifty thousand priests and laymen to the Royal Palace in connection with the Eucharistic Congress a roughly constructed bomb exploded in the Calle Mayor.

A wild panic ensued and some sixty persons were injured, mostly in the crush.

The procession then reformed and proceeded to the Palace, where it was received by the King and Queen and the members of the Royal Family.

The censorship concealed the facts of the bomb outrage for twenty-four hours.

THE SHAKESPEARE BALL.

£10,000 for National Theatre Fund.

LONDON, JUNE 30.

The net profit from the Shakespeare Ball, held at the Albert Hall recently, is ten thousand pounds sterling.

This sum will be devoted to the Shakespeare National Theatre fund.

ACCIDENT TO HAVRE EXPRESS.

Alleged Attempted Train-Wrecking.

LONDON, JULY 1.

The Havre express, while travelling towards Paris, at sixty miles an hour, narrowly escaped a frightful disaster through the malicious removal of a rail near the Pont de l' Arche. The engine and tender were travelling so fast that they jumped the gap. Two carriages were overturned, but the passengers were only slightly injured.

Immediately after the smash, another express came from the opposite direction, and brushed past the wreckage.

Evidently a wholesale disaster had been planned. The public are furious.

SITUATION IN MOROCCO

Germans to Occupy Agadir.

SURPRISE AND ANNOYANCE IN FRANCE.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

BERLIN, JULY 1

At the request of interested German firms, the German Government has ordered the gunboat "Panther" at present in Moroccan waters, to proceed to Agadir in South Morocco to protect the interests of the German subjects. The Powers had been notified.

A correspondent, at Tangier, is informed that the German Minister has communicated with the Moroccan Foreign Minister to the effect that Germany will occupy Agadir.

MADRID, JULY 1.

It is officially stated here that German troops have been landed at Agadir.

LONDON, JULY 2.

Germany's action in landing troops in Morocco has caused intense surprise.

The semi-official *Koelnische Zeitung* dwells on Germany's great agricultural and mining interests in the hinterland of Agadir, while her trade in South Morocco is growing.

The German Ambassador in Paris called on the French Minister for Foreign Affairs, M. de Selves, and informed him of the despatch of a warship. The Ambassador added that the vessel would leave Agadir immediately tranquillity had been restored, and expressed the hope that the act would in no way modify Franco-German relations.

The reply of M. de Selves did not conceal the belief that public opinion would be painfully surprised, and also regretted that the friendly conversations desired by the two Powers would thus be thwarted.

M. De Selves yesterday also received M. Cambon, the French Ambassador to Germany, who was astonished at the totally unexpected step.

M. de Selves afterwards had interviews with President Fallieres and the Spanish Ambassador in Paris.

LATER.

Germany's move in Morocco is the subject of a temperate comment in the French Press, which considers that Germany has taken the step in order to hold a strong position in the discussion on the Moroccan question.

It fears that Germany's unfriendly action will not facilitate a satisfactory ending to the discussion.

The belief is expressed that France will send a protest to the German Foreign Office.

THE GORDON-BENNETT AVIATION RACE.

Cup Won by an American.

LONDON, JULY 2.

The aviation race for the Gordon-Bennett Cup in the Isle of Sheppey, yesterday, was won by Mr. Weymann, the American, who covered 94 miles in 71 minutes, 36 1-5 seconds.

The French aviators, Messieurs Leblanc and Nieuport, were second and third respectively.

There were three English competitors.

German Aviator's Success.

BERLIN, JULY 1.

The German aviator, Herr Hirth, flew from Munich to Berlin, 341 miles in 339 minutes, winning a prize of fifty thousand marks. The feat has aroused great enthusiasm, and it is considered that Germany now almost equals France in Cross-country flights.

COLONIAL TROOPS IN LONDON.

Chelsea Camp Broken Up.

LONDON, JULY 1.

The Colonial camp at Chelsea has been broken up, the troopers now either spending a few weeks in England on furlough or returning to their homes overseas.

Lord Cheylesmore has issued an order, thanking the troops and praising them for their excellent behaviour.

JAPANESE GARDEN PARTY.

LONDON, JULY 1.

Count Nihonjinkwai gave a garden party in honour of Prince and Princess Higashi-Fushimi in the Botanic Gardens yesterday.

Count Kato, the Japanese Ambassador in London, President of the Society, received the guests, who included Admiral Togo, General Nogi and Sir Claude Macdonald, the British Ambassador to Japan.

EMPIRE SWIMMING CHAMPIONSHIP.

Won by an Australian.

LONDON, JULY 2.

In the Empire Swimming Championships at Crystal Palace yesterday, the hundred yards race was won by Hardwick (Australia) in 60 3-5 seconds. Derbyshire (United Kingdom) and Johnstone (Canada) were second and third respectively.

The mile was won by Hodgson (Canada) from Battersby (United Kingdom) and Champion (Australia) in 25 minutes 27 3-5 seconds.

OPEN GOLF CHAMPIONSHIP.

Vardon Beats Massy.

LONDON, JUNE 30.

In the play-off for the Open Golf Championship, Massy retired at the thirty-fifth hole, Vardon then being ten strokes ahead. Vardon received an ovation.

THE SHIPPING STRIKE.

Incendiarism on a Liner.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, JULY 1.

Five successive fires have occurred on the liner "Arabic" at Liverpool. They were all extinguished with difficulty. It is believed that the fires were the work of incendiaries.

A meeting of 12,000 strikers at Hull has refused to ratify the settlement accepted by their leaders until the claims of the dockers are settled.

LATER.

No improvement in the strike situation in Liverpool is yet manifest. The position continues to be grave. It is announced that the sailing of the liners "Suevic" and "Arabic" from Liverpool has been cancelled.

The tug-boat men have struck in Liverpool, thus affecting the handling of 23 steamers, including the "Lusitania."

A telegram, from Newcastle, states that in consequence of the strike, the corn market there is almost blocked by foreign wheat, which is held at an advance of from threepence to sixpence. English wheat is a shilling dearer. Flour is scarce and dearer.

DOMINION DAY DINNER.

Prince of Wales to Visit Canada.

LONDON, JULY 1.

At the Dominion Day dinner at the Imperial Institute, Sir Wilfrid Laurier announced that Lord Strathcona was about to retire from the High Commissionership.

The Duke of Connaught, who was present, said it was His Majesty's wish that the Prince of Wales should become acquainted with all parts of the Empire. He hoped that when he was Governor-General, he would have an opportunity of welcoming the Prince of Wales to Canada.

ADMIRAL TOGO AND HIS CADET DAYS.

Inspection of Boy Scouts.

LONDON, JULY 1.

Admiral Togo, speaking at a dinner of old boys of the "Worcester", said he had never forgotten his connection with the ship. He had satisfied a long-cherished desire to see once more the dear old vessel, and to meet the old boys. He regretted the death of Captain Smith whose letters, during the war, were a great source of comfort and encouragement, coming, as they did, from his second Mother Country.

Admiral Togo and General Nogi inspected Lord Kitchener's troop of Boy Scouts in Hyde Park this morning, in the presence of Lord Kitchener and General Sir Robert Baden-Powell.

General Nogi briefly addressed the boys in Japanese. General Nogi afterwards visited Aldershot Barracks, where he met General Sir H. Smith-Dorrien.

BRITISH REVENUE.

Quarterly Decrease on Last Year.

LONDON, JUNE 30.

The revenue for the quarter amounts to £38,808,673, a decrease of £18,574,504. The difference is mainly due to the inflation of revenue, during the corresponding quarter of 1910 by the collection of belated taxes.

The excise revenue has increased by £1,166,000.

EXPLOSION ON BRITISH MAN-OF-WAR.

Three Men Killed.

LONDON, JULY 1.

The battleship "Superb" has put in at Portland with three men killed as the result of an explosion of gas in the coal bunkers during manœuvres in the Channel.

NEW ZEALAND'S GIFT TO IMPERIAL NAVY.

Launched by Sir Joseph and Lady Ward.

LONDON, JULY 2.

Sir Joseph and Lady Ward yesterday launched at Govan, the battleship cruiser, "New Zealand," the gift of that country to the Imperial Navy.

GERMAN EAST AFRICA LINE

Fortnightly Service round the Cape.

LONDON, JUNE 30.

The German East Africa line will inaugurate at the end of the year a fortnightly service round Africa, both via the Cape and via Suez. The company is building four new steamers.

DHARAMSALA FOR LONDON.

LONDON, JULY 1.

A deputation of Khalsa people in the British Isles and Indian officers at Hampton Court, to the Maharajah of Patiala yesterday, urged the necessity for having a dharamsalla in London and requested His Highness to perform the opening ceremony in commemoration of the Coronation. His Highness acceded and made a donation of Rs. 1,25,000.

SUIT AGAINST MR BOTTOMLEY.

£50,000 Damages Awarded.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, JUNE 30.

Fifty thousand pounds sterling has been awarded against Mr. Bottomley on the claim of Mrs. Eleanor Curtis, as executrix of her father, Mr. Robert Master, an ex-civil servant in Madras.

Mrs. Curtis alleged that Mr. Bottomley obtained £57,835 by misrepresentation in the sale of certain shares.

The Lord Chief Justice granted a stay of execution, pending an appeal by Mr. Bottomley, on the defendant's saying that the whole sum, also costs, would be paid into the Court within a week.

Some particulars of the case were given on June 15th, when the case was originally down for hearing and when application was made to the Lord Chief Justice in the King's Bench Division for its postponement.

Mr. Ritter said that plaintiff in the action was Mrs. Curtis, administratrix of the estate of a gentleman named Master, a retired Anglo-Indian, of considerable wealth, who was now dead. The allegation was that Mr. Bottomley, by misrepresentation had induced Mr. Master to purchase 25,000 shares in the John Bull Investment Trust, and about 17,000 other shares. The application was that the hearing should be postponed for a month, as Mr. Bottomley had failed to obey an order for the discovery of certain documents.

Mr. Bottomley, who appeared in person, said that he had sworn an affidavit that he had given information of all the documents he knew. He would however give all other information in his power. The writ in the action was issued nine months before the statement of claim was delivered, and it was not until the death of the gentleman who bought the shares that the action was proceeded with. Charges of a serious nature were made against him, and he submitted that such charges should not be made unless they could be supported. He suggested that they could not be supported in this case. He asked that the hearing should be proceeded with at once.

His Lordship ordered Mr. Bottomley to file a further affidavit of documents, and the action would be heard on Monday, June 26th.

RAJAH'S DINNER TO SLUM CHILDREN.

LONDON, JULY 1.

The Rajah of Nabha gave a dinner to a thousand men, women and children of the London slums in the Salvation Army Hall in Clapton yesterday evening.

RECORD MAKING IN MOTORING.

LONDON, JULY 2.

Signor Bordino, (Italy), yesterday, motored a mile in 31 seconds at Saltburn (Yorkshire) This constitutes a world's record.

LEIPZIG ESPIONAGE CASE.

LEIPZIG, JULY 1.

A French officer, Captain Lux, has been sentenced to six years' confinement in a fortress for espionage.

HOME CRICKET.

Surrey Beat Indian Team.

LONDON, JUNE 30.

The match between the Indians and Surrey was resumed to-day at the Oval. The weather was dull and the wicket soft, as a result of the rain over-night.

Surrey completed their first innings for a total score of 280, Hayes' contribution being 35.

The Indians on going in again compiled 120, to which Surrey replied with 35 for two wickets.

As the match now stands, therefore, Surrey require 69 runs to win with eight wickets to fall.

LONDON, JULY 1.

Surrey beat the Indians, by six wickets.

LONDON, JUNE 30.

Lancashire defeated Worcestershire at Manchester, by an innings and 66 runs.

Yorkshire defeated Notts at Nottingham, by an innings and 27 runs.

Kent defeated Leicestershire at Dover, by an innings and 179 runs.

LONDON, JULY 1.

Middlesex beat Gloucester at Gloucester, by an innings and 63 runs.

Warwickshire beat Hampshire at Birmingham, by an innings and 296 runs.

LAWN TENNIS.

French and German Doubles.

LONDON, JULY 1.

In the opening rounds of the Lawn Tennis Championship at Wimbledon, a memorable match took place between the Frenchmen, Gobert and Decugis and the Germans, Rahe and Kleinschroth. The Frenchmen won by three sets to love, the scores being 12-10, 7-5, and 6-3.

The critics were amazed at the skill displayed by the winners. The spectators were wildly enthusiastic.

LONDON, JULY 2.

The most notable heat in the Tennis championships, now being played at Wimbledon, is that in which Decugis (France) beat A. W. Gore, 2—6, 6—4, 6—4, 8—6.

THE Bills mentioned by Reuter as having been introduced by Mr. Montagu into the House of Commons are 1st, one empowering the Government of India to raise the number of Judges in the Calcutta High Court from fifteen to twenty; and, 2nd, one which will enable that Government to create High Courts in provinces which have not those valuable institutions at present. It does not, however, follow that the powers given will be exercised immediately to their full extent, but it is as well that the Government should be placed in a position to take action at a suitable time hereafter.

VETO BILL AMEN[illegible]TS.

Royal Prerogative to be Exercised.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, JULY 1.

The *Daily News* of to-day says it has high ministerial authority for stating that the Cabinet is united in its decision to employ the Royal prerogative as early as possible, unless the Peers drop their amendments to clause 1 of the Veto Bill.

LONDON, JULY 2.

Mr. Steel-Maitland, speaking at Highbury, urged the necessity for preparations for a General Election and hoped that the Unionists would be ready if the Government should rush an election.

AMATEUR ATHLETIC ASSOCIATION.

Championship Meeting.

LONDON, JULY 1.

The Amateur Athletic Championships were run off to-day, at Stamford Bridge in fine weather and before a large crowd. A feature were the numerous Canadian, New Zealand and French entries.

The results were as follows :—

THROWING THE HAMMER:—
Putnam, 147ft. 7 1-2in..... 1
Flaxman, 125ft. 1in..... 2

PUTTING THE WEIGHT:—
Barrett, (Ireland),..... 1
Tyson..... 2
Abraham, (Berlin)..... 3
Distance.—43ft. 5in.

120 YARDS HURDLES:—
Phillips, (Cambridge)..... 1
Powell..... 2
Meunier, (France)..... 3
Time.—16 1-5secs.

POLE JUMP:—
Pasemann, (Germany)..... 1
Legarde, (France)..... 2
Height.—12ft.

ONE MILE:—
Monicol, (Polytechnic) 1
Taft, (Canada) 2
Owen..... 3
Time, 4 mins. 22 1-5secs.

HUNDRED YARDS:—
Ramsdell, (Pennsylvania) 1
Stewart, (London Athletic) 2
D'Arcy 3
Won by inches. Time, 10 2-5secs.

TWO MILES WALKING:—
Ross, (Middlesex) 1
Ovens, (Herne Hill)..... 2
Yates..... 3
Time, 13mins. 55 3-5secs.

LONG JUMP:—
Kirwan, (Ireland)..... 1
Pasemann, (Berlin) 2
Abrahams 3
Distance, 23ft. 3 1-2in.

QUARTER MILE:—
Halbhaus, (Canada) 1
Wetenhall, (Cambridge)..... 2
Adams 3
Time, 50 4-5secs.

TWO MILES STEEPLECHASE:—
Noakes 1
Fatteshall 2
Lizandier, (France) 3
Time, 11 mins., 10 3-5secs.

FOUR MILES:—
Kolehmainen, (Finland) 1
Scott 2
Martin 3
Time, 23mins., 3 3-5secs.

220 YARDS:—
Ramsdell, (Pennsylvania) 1
Halbhaus, (Canada) 2
Rau, (Germany) 3
Time, 22 1-5secs.

HALF-MILE:—
Braun, (Germany)..... 1
Wheatley, (Victoria) 2
Brock, (Canada)..... 3
Time, 1 min. 59 4-5es.

HIGH JUMP:—
Pasemann, (Germany)..... 1
Leary, (Ireland)..... 2
Height, 6 ft.

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

Grants of Study Leave.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JULY 1.

It is notified that the concession authorised under which the officers of the Indian Medical Service on the list of selected Lieutenant-Colonels are permitted to remain in the service beyond the age of 55 years in order to qualify for the pension admissible after 30 years service, shall cease in the case of officers entering the Indian Medical Service on or after the 1st April 1911.

Paragraph 2 of the regulations regarding the grant of study leave to officers of the Indian Medical Service, is reconstructed as follows:—"The period of such study leave will be counted in the case of an officer under military leave rules at the rate of one twelfth of pension service and in the case of an officer under civil leave rules at the rate of one-twelfth of active service and defined in the Civil Service Regulations up to a total in either case of twelve months in all during an officer's service.

INDIAN REGIMENTAL BADGES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JULY 1.

The King-Emperor has been graciously pleased to approve the Royal Cyphers detailed below being borne as badges by the specified Indian Regiments:—33rd Queen's Own Light Cavalry and the 2nd Queen's Own Rajput Light Infantry, will bear the Royal and Imperial Cypher of Queen Victoria instead of the Royal and Imperial Cypher now borne. The 6th King Edward's Own Cavalry, 11th King Edward's Own Lancers (Probyn's Horse), 102nd King Edward's Own Grenadiers, and 2nd King Edward's Own Gurkha Rifles, (Sirmoor Rifles) to continue to bear the Royal and Imperial Cypher of King Edward VII, and the 3rd Queen Alexandra's Own Gurkha Rifles, the Cypher of Queen Alexandra instead of the Royal and Imperial Cypher now borne.

THE Sheikhs of the Mosque of Omar, Jerusalem, and other officials, including an Armenian, who are accused of aiding and abetting a party of explorers in the alleged removal of priceless relics of Solomon's temple, have been sent to Beirut, to undergo trial by a special court.

THE KING'S VISIT.

Decoration of Howrah Platform.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JULY 2.

The authorities of the East Indian Railway have been considering how the platform of the Howrah station, on which Their Imperial Majesties are to arrive on their visit to Calcutta, should be decorated. After deliberation the problem resolved itself into the question of preference between two blendings of colour, light blue and white, and deep blue and white, for the purpose of draping the platform. Yesterday morning was fixed for the trial of the two sets of colours. The test took place on platform No. 6, where Their Imperial Majesties will alight from the Royal Special. The light blue proved more effective and it was finally settled that the platform on the occasion of the Royal Visit shall be draped in light blue and white, with festoons, banners and Royal monograms. The cost of the entire decoration is approximately put at between Rs. 10,000 to Rs. 20,000.

It is believed that Their Majesties will take route to Calcutta from Howrah by river embarking on a pontoon instead of proceeding via Howrah Bridge. So far as could be gathered there is apparently no talk of rehearsing the proposed decoration of the Howrah Bridge. An official statement of this matter is expected shortly.

DELHI DURBAR.

Cooling of Parliamentary Enthusiasm.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JULY 1.

The final plan of the camp arrangements at Delhi, which has now been settled, shows no change in the locations of camps, the details of which have already appeared in the Press.

RANGOON, JULY 1.

A public meeting is to be held at the Jubilee Hall, on July 21st to consider what arrangements should be made for the celebration of the Coronation of the King-Emperor at Delhi.

ALLAHABAD, JULY 2.

It is stated that there appears to be a pronounced cooling of enthusiasm for the Delhi Durbar trip in Parliamentary circles perhaps due to temporary satiety of Coronation doings. Perhaps also to exaggerated reports that are going about as to expense. The Committee of both the Houses, which was looking after the business, has received so few names up-to-date that it has arranged to cancel one of the two steamers which the cruising Company was arranging to send for them. The s.s. "Ophir," with its trip to the Far East has been dropped and the "Dunottar Castle" which has been retained will make round a trip of the Indian Coast viz., Bombay, Calcutta, Rangon, Madras and Ceylon.

Suggestions are being invited for the entertainments at the Peoples' Fete during the Coronation Durbar. It is expected that 800,000 persons will be present in and about Delhi on the great gala day.

ASSAULT ON A MINOR.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JULY, 2.

Yesterday judgment was delivered by the Magistrate of Noakhali in the assault case, in which two Railway Police constables, Kishen Singh and Hazuri Ram stood charged under Sections 341, 352, and 504 I. P. C. with intentionally provoking a breach of peace by abusing, assaulting and wrongfully restraining Nogendra Nath Sen, a minor ward under the Court of Wards, at Noakhali Railway station. The Court found the accused Kishen Singh guilty under Section 352 and sentenced him to pay a fine of Rs. 20 and also to pay Rs. 6 as costs to complainant. Accused No. 2 was acquitted.

BENGAL LANDHOLDERS' ASSOCIATION.

Educative Work on Agriculture.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JUNE 30.

At the annual meeting of the Bengal Landholders' Association the Maharaja of Cossimbazar, who presided, said, "the constitution of the Legislative Councils has to a large extent minimised the work of the political association as critics of Government measures. The Zamindars of Bengal have their representatives on these Councils and we are glad to be able to say that our representatives have done their work extremely satisfactorily. The Committee feels that our Association should now take educative work. There are various matters affecting landholders and tenants which landholders alone can remedy and we should humbly endeavour to deal with them. It is the aspiration of the Committee to place before our members certain schemes for the improvement of agriculture and the introduction of co-operative systems amongst the tenantry. We beg our members to co-operate with us in our endeavours."

RAILWAY NEWS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JULY 1.

Several important questions relating to economy in the working charge of Indian Railways are now under the active consideration of the Government of India.

A small Bill relating to land revenue in the Central Provinces is now before the Government of India and the local administration has under preparation a Bill to amend the C. P. Tenancy Act.

The Railway Board will recruit this year Traffic Probationers for the superior establishment of State Railways out of which one appointment has gone to Mr. Bilgrami, and the other two will be given, one to a domiciled European and one to a Hindu named Mr. L. S. R. Nayudu.

VICEREGAL NEWS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JULY 1.

Lady Hardinge visited the Walker Hospital this morning.

A GUN for the German Army, which has just been completed by Krupp, is the fifty thousandth which has been constructed by the famous Essen works, since their foundation in 1874.

THE MURDER OF MR. ASHE.

Assassins Previous Bad Record.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT).

TINNEVELLY, JULY 1.

The District Magistrate of Tinnevelly has issued warrants for the arrest of Madasamy Pillay, Ottapidaram and Chidambaram Pillay, who are alleged to be members of a conspiracy in connection with the murder of Mr. Ashe, and who are absconding from Tuticorin and Tenkasi respectively. Their properties are about to be attached. Some vernacular correspondence has been seized in Travancore, and is being translated.

TINNEVELLY, JULY 2.

A quantity of vernacular correspondence seized in Travancore was received yesterday, but has not yet been examined. Madasamy is reported to be a wealthy man and is alleged to be one of those connected with the conspiracy.

Mr. Johnson, Assistant Superintendent, of Police, has just returned from Shencottah after enquiring into the case of the alleged poisoning of Dharmaraja Iyer. It appears that he actually took arsenic, and the story that some medicine was given to him by a Sanyasi is not believed.

Muthuswamy Iyer, the man who was arrested in Tinnevelly has been released on bail. He was first arrested on suspicion as being the man who had run away from Maniyachi, but the sons of the station-master did not identify him as that man. Subsequent enquiries disclosed the fact that although Muthuswamy Iyer was seen in company with the assassin in Tinnevelly, he apparently did not know of Vanchi Iyer's murderous designs. Shankara Iyer, an accountant in T. V. S. S. Bank, has stated that he was the man who introduced Muthuswamy Iyer to the assassin and that neither he nor Muthuswamy was aware of the reason, which brought Vanchi Iyer to Tinnevelly.

Further enquiries, instituted with regard to the assassin, show that he was a man of very bad character. He was dismissed on one occasion from the Forest Department and was then reinstated and absented himself without leave. His whole service as a guard in the Travancore Forest Department extended over about two years. Prior to that time, he was mostly wandering about and was for a short period employed as a watchman on a salary of Rs. 3-8 in a temple at Devasthanam.

FOREIGN ORDERS AND MEDALS.

Regulation as to their Use.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JUNE 30.

The "Gazette of India" publishes revised regulations respecting foreign orders and medals. The regulations run :—

Full and unrestricted permission by warrant under the Royal sign manual is contemplated in the following cases :—

For a decoration conferred (a) on an officer in His Majesty's Naval or Military forces lent to a foreign Government on an officer in His Majesty's Naval or Military forces attached by his Government to a foreign Naval or Army during hostilities or any British official lent to a foreign Government and not in receipt of any emoluments from British public funds during the period of such loan; (b) on any person not at the time in the service of the Crown who while himself outside the limits of His Majesty's Dominions has rendered valuable services to the head of the State conferring the order or to the State itself the period of two years immediately preceding the notification of the decoration to His Majesty's Government provided for in Rule 5.

The term 'Service of the Crown' *Supra* comprises any person holding a Royal Commission or any person in receipt of a salary from the public funds in the United Kingdom or in any British Dominion, Colony or Protectorate.

(c) On any British subject employed in a Foreign Embassy or Legation in the United Kingdom.

CHARGE AGAINST A HINDU PLEADER.

Case Compounded.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, JULY 2.

The case in which one Mahomedan teacher of the Wazirabad Mission School brought a charge of assault against a Hindu pleader and a Hindu headmaster of the Jubilee School there as well as the counter case in which some boys of the Jubilee school charged the Mahomedan teacher have been withdrawn, and Mr. Harris, Magistrate of Wazirabad, acquitted the accused in both the cases.

GARDENING IN THE PUNJAB.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, JULY 2.

The report of the Government Agricultural and Horticultural Gardens, Lahore, issued in yesterday's "Gazette," says that at the instance of the Government of India, it was proposed to recruit the gardener service in the Punjab. The holding of classes for the training of choudharis, malis and boys, was approved by the Government, and a beginning was made on 1st October last, when the malis' and boys' classes were started in the gardens.

KAULA LUMPUR TRAGEDY.

Sentence Reduced.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, JULY 1.

In connection with the Kaula Lumpur tragedy, a telegram has been received here this afternoon by a local paper, stating that the death sentence on Mrs. Proudlock is commuted to simple imprisonment till the State Council sits.

EMIGRATION TO NATAL.

Last Batch from India.

(FROM OUR CORRESPO[illegible])

MADR[illegible] JULY 1.

The s.s. "Umlazi" took away yesterday 500 emigrants for Natal, the last shipment from India, emigration to that Colony having ceased from yesterday in pursuance of the Government of India notification.

Natal began importing labour from India 50 years ago, and to-day there are over 13,000 Indians in that Colony. Indentured emigrants were going from Calcutta as well as from Madras, but the Madras Presidency has been the largest contributor.

THE FOREST DEPARTMENT.

Pay of Lower Staff.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA JULY, 1.

The following resolution has been issued :—The Provincial Forest Service was constituted in 1891 and its present organization is detailed in a Resolution, under which the pay of the lower controlling staff (Extra Assistant Conservators) was fixed at Rs. 200 rising to Rs. 350, and that of the upper controlling staff (Extra Deputy Conservators) at Rs. 450 rising to Rs. 600, promotion being regulated by grades.

2. The Government of India have now obtained the sanction of the Secretary of State to the following arrangements for the revision of the emoluments of Extra Assistant and Extra Deputy Conservators.

EXTRA ASSISTANT CONSERVATORS.

(1) Extra Assistant Conservators: (a) an officer appointed direct to the Provincial Forest Service will, on permanent appointment to that service, receive a pay of Rs. 2,503 a month and his pay will thereafter rise automatically by annual increments of Rs. 20 a month, until it reaches Rs. 550 a month after 15 years' service from the date of permanent appointment to the Provincial Forest Service. It reaches Rs. 550 a month ordinarily after 15 years' service in the provincial branch. Such an officer will count all periods of temporary or officiating service as Extra Assistant Conservator towards increments whether such service has been continuous or for broken periods.

(b) An officer promoted from the subordinate branch of the Forest Service to the provincial branch will on appointment to the latter branch, whether permanent or officiating, receive a pay or salary as the case may be, of Rs. 350 a month. His pay or salary will thereafter rise automatically by annual increments of Rs. 20 a month.

(c) After an officer has attained a pay of Rs. 550 a month, he will not be entitled to any further increment of pay unless he is considered by the local Government to be fit for a major charge. He will then be eligible for promotion to the upper controlling staff as Extra Deputy Conservator, but such promotion to the upper controlling staff will depend upon the occurrence of permanent vacancies in that staff on the fixed scale of each province. An Extra Assistant Conservator who has, served for not less than three years on Rs. 500 a month and who is considered by the local Government to be fit for a charge of major control, but for whom no vacancy exists in the upper controlling staff may, however, be given a personal allowance of Rs. 50 a month, and in the case of officers whom the local Government considers fit for further increase of pay, this allowance may be augmented to Rs. 100 a month on the expiry of a further period of four years and to Rs. 150 a month on the expiry of a second period of four years.

LOCAL ALLOWANCES.

(d) At present a local allowances of Rs.50 a month are admissible to Extra Assistant Conservators placed in charge of forest divisions, but the number of forest officers to whom the allowance may be given is limited to two in the Madras Presidency, two in the Bombay Presidency and four in the rest of India. In future any Extra Assistant Conservator, temporarily placed in a major charge, will receive a local allowance of Rs. 50 per mensem, but no officiating allowances of any kind will be given. The local allowance may be drawn in addition to any personal allowance granted under clause (i) (e) of this paragraph, 8.

EXTRA DEPUTY CONSERVATORS.

No officer may be promoted to the rank of Extra Deputy Conservator unless the local Government considers him fit to hold a major charge and except for special reasons an Extra Deputy Conservator should be actually placed in a charge classed as major ordinarily. A vacancy in the upper controlling staff will be filled by selection from among the Extra Assistant Conservators, receiving a pay of of not less than Rs. 550 a month, or, in other words, from among men who have more than 15 years' service in the provincial branch, but a local Government will be at liberty in making its selection to promote to such a vacancy an officer of less than 15 years' service. On promotion to the upper controlling staff as Extra Deputy Conservator, an officer will draw pay at the rate of Rs. 575 a month and will receive an annual increment of Rs. 25 a month until he draws Rs. 650 per mensem. After one year's service on this pay the local Government may, by a special order in each case, promote an officer to pay of Rs. 700 a month for a period of three years and again to pay of Rs. 800 a month for a further period of three years and may then promote him to pay of Rs. 850 a month until the close of his service. But promotion to pay of Rs. 700, Rs. 800 and Rs 850 a month should only be made when the local Government is satisfied at each step that the individual officer is thoroughly deserving of such promotion.

INCREMENTS LIABLE TO STOPPAGE.

An officer, who at the time of his promotion to the upper controling staff, was on receipt of a personal allowance under clause (1), (c) of this paragraph will retain such allowance only to the extent necessary to ensure that no reduction in his pay plus allowance shall result from his promotion. (a) Increments will in all cases be liable to stoppage by the local Government for unsatisfactory work or conduct; (b) the existing special and local allowances other than those mentioned in clause (1), (d) of this paragraph admissible under the Forest Department Code and the Madras Code, or under the orders in force in Bombay, will not be accepted by these orders as they are granted to meet special conditions which remains unaltered.

(4) Special provision for existing officers:—Existing officers of the Provincial Service would be brought on to the new scale of pay in the manner indicated below. (a) All officers will come on to the new scale from the date of its introduction, but should this result in the diminution of the existing pay or salary of any individual officer, he will retain the pay or salary he would receive under the present rules until he becomes entitled to a higher rate under the new scheme; (b) on coming on to the new scale each officer will receive the pay to which he would have been entitled had he been throughout his service on the new scale subject to the following qualifications:—(1) If the local Government is dissatisfied with the work or conduct of any officer, it may prescribe a lower stage at which he shall enter the new scale, (2) no Extra Assistant Conservator shall be promoted to be Extra Deputy Conservator under the new scale unless the local Government considers him qualified to hold a major charge permanently and a vacancy in the sanctioned cadre actually exists. If so promoted, his pay will be regulated under clause (2) of this paragraph. Officers, who are already Extra Deputy Conservators, will be brought on to the new scale as Extra Deputy Conservators and draw pay according to the length of time which has elapsed since they were first permanently appointed Extra Deputy Conservators, provided they are considered fit to hold major charge and that vacancies in the sanctioned cadres actually exist, provided also that they will not draw more than Rs. 650 a month unless the local Government considers them fit for the higher rates to pay. If these conditions are satisfied the existing permanent Extra Deputy Conservators will receive Rs. 550 or their existing pay, whichever is greater.

The new arrangements will be introduced from such date, not earlier than March, 1911, as the local Government may in each instance determine.

THE SHIA SHRINES.

Idea to Sell Abandoned.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JULY 1.

The Foreign Office has issued the following Press Communique:—"With regard to the recent reference in the Press to the alleged intention of the Turkish Government to dispose of the treasures of the Shia shrines at Nejee and Kerbala, the Government of India have learnt that on a reference to the Grand Vizier by the Persian Charge d'Affaires at Constantinople, satisfactory assurances were given that the treasures would not be sold without the consent of the Persian religious leaders. Three months have elapsed since the rumoured intention of the Turkish Government was made public, and as no steps have yet been taken in the direction indicated, there is good reason to hope that the idea has been abandoned."

BOMBAY UNIVERSITY SENATE.

Meeting of Fellows.

A MEETING of the Fellows of the Bombay University Senate was held on Saturday evening, in the University Hall, the Hon'ble Sir Ganesh Narayen Chandavarkar, the Vice-Chancellor, presiding.

On the motion of Mr. Mirza Ali Mahomed Khan, the Senate accepted the introduction of Urdu as a second language for the M.A. curriculum as recommended by the Syndicate.

On the motion of the same Fellow, seconded by Mr. Nanabhai Ardeshir Moos, it was resolved as recommended by the Syndicate, to cancel the degree of B.A. conferred on Krishnaji Gopal Karve, Vinayak Damodar Savarkar, Krishnaji Gopal Khare and Vishnu Mahadeo Bhat who were convicted and sentenced in the Nasik murder and conspiracy case.

On the motion of Dr. Mackichan it was resolved, as recommended by the Syndicate, to levy a fee of Rs. 10 from candidates seeking admission to their degrees in absentia.

The Senate next considered the desirability of so revising the standard for passing the Preliminary Science Examination as to require candidates to obtain, in addition to the minimum at present exacted in each subject, a separate minimum in the written and practical portions thereof.

On the motion of Professor Arthur Powell, it was resolved, as recommended by the Syndicate, to alter and make the regulation on the subject as follows :—"To pass the examination the candidate must obtain in each subject 25 per cent. of the total number of marks obtainable in the written examination, 25 per cent. of the total number of marks obtainable in the practical examination, and 33 1-3 per cent. of the total number of marks obtainable in the written and practical examinations together. Those of the successful candidates who obtain 66 per cent. of the total marks obtainable will be placed in the First Class."

RECOGNITION OF EXAMINATIONS.

The next business on the agenda was to consider the desirability of framing rules, regarding the recognition of examinations held by public bodies.

Mr. Mirza Ali Mahomed Khan moved, as recommended by the Syndicate to insert the following section after regulation 153 :—

"The Matriculation examination of those Indian Universities which recognize the matriculation examination of this University and have the same age-limit for admission to it that obtains in this University is considered equivalent to the Matriculation examination of this University. The European High School examination is considered equivalent to the Matriculation examination of this University provided that a candidate who wishes to take advantage of this equivalence has completed sixteen years of age on or before the 31st December of the year in which he presents himself for the European High School examination. The Oxford and Cambridge senior local examinations are each considered equivalent to the matriculation examination of this University provided that the selected subjects of a candidate who wishes to take advantage of this equivalence include English, a second language, history and geography, mathematics and one of the science subjects and that he has completed sixteen years of age on or before the 31st December of the year in which he presents himself for the Oxford or Cambridge senior local examination."

Mr. Rustam K. R. Cama moved an amendment to this, that the following be added to the section : "Candidates who have already passed the senior local and have been admitted to terms before 1st July, 1911, need not have completed sixteen years as above." His intention to move the amendment was that a young lady (under sixteen), who had passed the senior local had already been admitted into the Elphinstone College and the fees had been paid and she was keeping terms. It would be very hard now to ask her to wait until she had completed her sixteenth year. He asked the Senate not to give restrospective effect to this resolution for this reason only.

The Hon'ble Mr. Sharpe opposed the amendment. He said the rule must be strictly observed and if a young lady was admitted to terms before she had completed her sixteenth year she was keeping terms illegitimately and he was only sorry for her, but she must wait until she had completed her sixteenth year.

On a division the amendment was lost and the original proposition was agreed to.

COMMITTEE'S REPORT ON ARTS COURSES.

The Senate next considered the report of the Committee appointed by the Senate on the 3rd October 1910, to frame detailed regulations for Arts courses in languages, history, philosophy and logic, and mathematics.

The Rev. Dr. Scott, according to previous notice, moved:—(1) That the report of the Arts Committee be adopted by the Senate ; (2) that the Senate approve generally of the proposals and recommendations in the first section of the report, including the institution of honours courses and the appointment at an early date of boards of studies ; (3) that subject to sanction by Government, the Committee's revised regulations regarding the Arts examination be published in the calender as the regulations of the University ; (4) that the texts and text-books and other directions indicated in the third section of the report be favourably recommended to the Syndicate for their guidance in prescribing and recommending books and periods of study ; (5) that the Syndicate be authorised to carry out the recommendations regarding the dates and details of examinations, and the promotion, as far as practicable, of inter-collegiate arrangements for advanced teaching.

In moving the above proposition, Dr. Scott said that the Committee appointed in October last had presented their report and he, as the Chairman of that Committee, was now proposing its adoption by the Senate. The Senate had appointed the Committee for the purpose of framing detailed regulations for the Arts courses and the Committee had fulfilled those orders. They knew that their courses were laid down according to rules and regulations and the Committee therefore drawn up such rules and very carefully. Therefore, those regulations were the essence and substance of the whole report. The Senate was asked to approve generally of the proposals and recommendations in the first section of the report which was an indication of the chief changes proposed and the Committee also made a series of recommendations regarding examinstions and the general working of the scheme, and the Committee's suggestions pointed not so much to extension of work as the improvement of method. In every departure there was some diversity of opinion regarding the best method of application. The proposals for Honours could not claim finality but were considered sufficient for the present. In the first instance Honours should be instituted not in all subjects. The reason was that they should not recognise subjects for which the colleges were not properly equipped for Honours in French, there was not a sufficient staff in all the colleges. Some two or three colleges were properly equipped and some two or three were not. Mr. P. A. Wadia had given notice of his intention to move an amendment that Honours be instituted in French and Avesta and Pahlavi also, but for the same reason Avesta and Pahlavi were not recognised. Another reason was that there was not sufficient literature in Avesta and Pahlavi. They were nearly unanimous in saying that it should not be recognised. The books prescribed were those as were approved by the specialists. Only an expert in literature should prescribe books for English and not a mathematician. The Committee had thought it better not to attempt a very high standard, but to allow such curricula for Honours as a fairly large number might be expected to undertake. They had not aimed at complete uniformity either in method or standard merit in the long run securing its own reward. They also recommended that Boards of Studies be now constituted. There was an amendment to his proposition, Dr. Scott remarked, which asked the Senate to refer this report to the Faculty of Arts. But he (Dr. Scott) saw no reason why that should be done. The Faculty of Arts consisted of nondescripts and no benefit could be derived by their discussing the detailed regulations framed by a Committee of experts. It only meant more delaying the already long-delayed reform. He asked the Senate not to accept such a proposal which only obstructed the reform being carried out for which they had been longing. He asked the Senate to adopt the report and proceed with the reform scheme.

Professor R. P. Paranjpye seconded.

REFERENCE TO FACULTY OF ARTS.

The Rev. Dr. D. Mackichan moved as an amendment to this proposition that the report be referred to the Faculty of Arts for its opinion. In support of the amendment, Dr. Mackichan said that whenever a radical change in methods or re-organisation was to be undertaken, it was invariably the practice of other Universities to refer the matter to the syndicate or a Committee or the Faculty which it concerned. In the Senate they were tied down to certain rules of procedure and a member who did not agree with the proposition or the amendment either, but had some other suggestion to make he could not do it, however desirable that might be again, the Faculty of Arts was the proper body to discuss and make suggestions and recommendations in the Arts courses. He thought Dr. Scott had done better if he had not spoken of the members of the Faculty of Arts in such contemptuous terms. He was sure members of the Faculty of Arts did not feel fluttered at being called nondescripts. They had among them those who were instructors in the Arts Colleges, they were once Arts students themselves, and they had among them those who new the Arts courses. If they were consulted in the matter like this the Senate would be in a position to have before them several definite and ready proposals. He asked members of other Faculties how they would feel if matters concerning their Faculty was disposed of by the Senate without referring the same to them? How would they feel if the Senate proceeded to decision without caring to take their opinion? He asked the Senate to be loyal to their constitution and to avail themselves of the advice of the Faculty of Arts. He asked the Senate not to construe his amendment as one coming from an obstructionist who intended to obstruct the progress of the reform proposed. Such important matter, if referred to the Faculty of Arts with instructions to send in their report to the Senate in one month, would not be delaying matters unnecessarily or obstructing reform.

Shams-ul-Ulma J. J. Mody seconded the amendment. He wished to point out one fact. Dr. Scott had written to Dr. Dhalla advocating and approving the institution of Honours in Avesta and Pahlavi and he was surprised to find how the Committee and Dr. Scott changed their opinion since October last, when that letter was written.

Mr. Natrajan opposed the amendment. He said that the Committee was appointed by the Senate, of members from among themselves and all the members of the Faculty of Arts were also present at the Senate. The reform scheme had been before them for a long time and their hearts were sick of it. No further delay was now desirable and that they should pass through at once. He could not understand how the Senate would be more benefitted by the discussion in the Faculty than by the discussion in the Senate where those same members had a right to discuss and speak.

Mr. Bhabha supported the amendment on the ground that as the discussion in the Faculty was not so fettered by strict rules as in the Senate, and members could make suggestions for alteration if they did not approve of the proposition or the amendment also.

Mr. Iyer opposed the amendment. He said that members of the Faculty of Arts might as well give their opinion in the Senate as in the Faculty meeting.

Dr. Surveyor was in favour of the amendment which he thought was the proper thing for the Senate to do.

AMENDMENT SUPPORTED.

The Hon'ble Sir Pherozeshah Mehta supported the amendment. He said that when he entered the Hall he did not care which of the two was carried. The proposition or the amendment. But after he had heard at the Senate he thought that the matter must be referred to the Faculty of Arts. He asked the Senate not to encourage the argument that they should hurriedly and suddenly pass through the subjects as they were before them for over two and a half years and they were sick of it. He reminded the Senate that Government asked them suddenly and all at once to carry out reforms and adopt new methods and system. The University were alive to the fact that some reform was needed and it promised to proceed and it had been proceeding to effect changes one after the other. Was it possible to conceive that a body like theirs should find itself utterly incapable of paying attention to things to which their attention was thus drawn? When the Senate said they were steadily proceeding to carry out the reform, Government ordered—he deliberately used the word ordered—that it expected them to carry out at once. The attitude taken up by the Senate of patiently considering the matter was termed obstruction. He would read to them a para on the subject from Chirol's book in which it was stated that the political obstructionists in the Senate hindered the reform scheme of Sir George Clarke. He said that Dr. Scott had asked them not to attribute any motives to those who persisted in the educational reform policy. But those who asked them not to attribute motives were attributing motives to others because they did not go with them. The political obstructionist made a passive resistance against the scheme of reform pressed by Sir George Clarke, was meant to convey, Sir Pherozeshah said, that he and those who rested with him on the Senate were obstructing the reform to gain a political object. He then said that Dr. Scott, was changing his views often in regard to educational policy and he pointed to the instance mentioned by Mr Jivanji Mody. As to the amendment, he said he entirely went with Dr. Mackichan when the latter said that Dr. Scott ought not to have spoken of the members of the Faculty of Arts so lightly in comparison to the Committee of which he was the Chairman. The proper course for the Senate was to refer it to the Faculty of Arts where the subjects could be discussed without the restriction of strict rules of procedure.

The Hon'ble Mr. Sharpe opposed the amendment. As to Sir Pherozeshah quoting from Chirol's book he said, he was not concerned with it. If the cap fitted Sir Pherozeshah and he wore he could not help it. They had been toiling over this subject for the last two years and a half and working hard in that Hall when Sir Pherozeshah was in England. They were sick of the delays but he was glad to hear among them say he was quite fresh to bear further delay.

Dr. Scott, replying explained that originally when it was thought of instituting the Honours in groups Avesta and Pahlavi could have been accepted, and hence the letter referred by Mr. Mody was written. As to the word nondescript it meant general. Members of the Arts Faculty were not engineers, nor doctors, nor lawyers and therefore they were called nondescripts however, he was sorry that he used the word.

On a division the amendment was defeated and the Senate adjourned to the 17th instant to consider the other amendments to Dr. Scott's proposition.

DARING DACOITY AT SERAMPORE.

Three Arrests Made.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JULY 1.

Information has reached the Serampore Police this morning, that a daring dacoity had been committed in the house of a woman, named Mrinalini Dasi of Chatra about half a mile from Serampore, by several youths. The woman informed the police that about 1-45 a. m. this morning, five youths broke into her house, while she was lying asleep on the verandah of her room with her two children. One of the dacoits, named Benode, snatched away a gold necklace from the woman which roused her. She raised an alarm upon which it is stated another youth named Charu, sat on her chest, while an other gagged her and beat her with a stick. They then decamped Radhika Prosad Ghosh, a neighbour of the complainant, hearing her groaning, hastened to the place in company with some others and found her lying gagged. Information was promptly lodged at the local thana and the beat constables while proceeding to the Ghat found two of the alleged culprits standing close to the place. On being interrogated by the constables, they said that there was a row in the house of Mrinalini Dasi. The constables took them to the woman's house where she recognised them. On their statement, a third youth named Provash was also traced. The remaining two accused could not be found. These three accused are under police custody pending further enquiries.

LIBEL ACTION AGAINST M. P.

In the King's Bench Division of the High Court, before the Lord Chief Justice and a special jury, the hearing as concluded on June 14 of an action in which Col. W. Bromley Davenport sued Mr. R. Pearce, M. P. for the Leek Division of Staffordshire, for an alleged libel, contained in a leaflet issued during the last election, which repeated certain statements made about the plaintiff at an election meeting by Mr. J. Ward, M. P. The jury found for the plaintiff with £1,200 damages.

SIR GEORGE ROOSE-KEPPEL has left Viceregal Lodge, Simla.

RAI NORENDRONATH SEN BAHADUR, Editor of the *Mirror*, died at Calcutta, at 5-45 p. m. on Saturday evening.

THE WEATHER.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SIMLA, JULY 1.

No important change has taken place in the pressure and other conditions over India. Scattered falls of rain have again occurred in Burma, North-East India and the Peninsula, and there has been a slight extension into Gujarat. A few light falls are reported from the Central Provinces.

The principal amounts are :—Slipper Island, one inch ; Moulmein, Gauhati and Dhubri, one and-a-half ; Cheerapunji, five ; Bogra and Burdwan, one ; Karwar, one and-a-half ; and Cuddalore, one.

The forecast shows no important change, but the conditions arebecoming favourable for thunderstorms in the north.

SIMLA, JULY 2.

A slight change of a favourable nature is shewn to-day in the pressure conditions over the extreme South. Dust and thunderstorms with light rain has been fairly general in the Punjab east and north and few falls occurred in Kashmir and the west of the United Provinces. Rain has fallen locally in the north of Eastern Bengal, in Bihar, Burma and south of the Peninsula.

The principal falls are : Mergui reports one inch ; Tavoy and Cheerapunji, one-and-half ; Dhubri, one ; Darbhanga, two ; and Kodaikanal, one -and-half. The forecast shows dry weather in Kashmir and a slight extension westwards of rainfall in Bihar. Continuation of the present conditions elsewhere.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JULY 1.

The monsoon messages are disappointing and no important change has taken place in the pressure and other conditions over India. Scattered falls are reported from North-east of India, and there has been a slight extension of rain in Gujarat.

RAINFALL IN BOMBAY.

	Santa Cruz In Cts	Colaba. In Cts	Fort In Cts	Colaba. In Cts
Previously registered	11·16	11·19	11·99	10·85
Sunday, 2nd July	0·01	0·00	0·00	0·00
Total	11·17	11·19	11·99	10·85
Same date last year	27·91	23·95	23·58	22·77

MESSRS. KEMP & Co., Ltd., CUMBALLA HILL, July 1.

Rainfall up to 8 a. m.

Station.	Last 24 hours.	Total to date.	Corpdg. Total 1909.	Corpdg Total 1910.
	In. cts.	In. cts.	In. cts.	In cts.
Cumballa Hill	0·15	10·29	23·69	26·81
	July 2.			
	0·3	10·32	27·69	27·49

RAINFALL AT MATHERAN.

	Inches	Cents.
June 23		
Total from 1st Jan.	32	28

BOMBAY DAILY WEATHER REPORT FOR THE 1ST JULY.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Saturday, the 1st July 1911, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies are moderately clouded at Delhi and Multan and clear elsewhere. The air is drier than usual in the north and east Punjab ; day temperature is in excess in these areas ; night temperature is also above normal in the east Punjab.

The United Provinces.—Skies are clear or lightly clouded. Humidity is in defect. Temperature is in excess.

Sind and Rajputana.—Skies are heavily clouded at Karachi and clear or lightly clouded elsewhere. The moisture in the air and temperature are generally equal to the average.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Ahmedabad records 0·48" of rain and Surat 0·14". Skies are moderately clouded. Humidity is normal or in defect. Maximum temperature is in excess at Ahmedabad and Indore.

The Central Provinces.—Canada records or 0·14" of rain. Skies are lightly to moderately clouded. The moisture in the air is either equal to or below the average. Day temperature is in excess ; night temperature has fallen and is now normal.

The Konkan.—Mormugao records 0·19" of rain and Karwar 0·48". Skies are moderately to heavily clouded. Humidity and minimum temperature are nearly normal. Maximum temperature is in slight excess at Bombay.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Sholapur reports 0·38" of rain and Bijapur 0·30". Skies are lightly to moderately clouded. The moisture in the air is in excess in the area of rainfall and either equal to or below the average elsewhere. Day temperature is in defect at Sholapur and Bijapur and in excess in the northern half of the division.

General Remarks.—Rainfall has been nearly general but light on the west coast of the Peninsula to the south of Mormugao, and in south Gujarat. Local rain has fallen in Mysore and the south Bombay and the Madras Deccan. Very light isolated showers have occurred in the south-east Central Provinces. There has thus been a slight extension of rain into Gujarat. Conditions continue favourable.

Nearly general rain is likely on the west coast of the Peninsula and local rain in Gujarat and Kathiawar. Some showers may occur in the southern half of the Deccan and Mysore.

Appended is Saturday's report of the Meteorological Reporter for Western India based on observation taken at 8 o'clock.

Names of Stations.	Maximum temperature during the past 24 hours.	Minimum temperature during the past 24 hours.	Rainfall past 24 hours.	Rainfall since 1st June to date.
Bushire (30th June)	90·8	78·1	...	0·00
Jask	101·3	85·8	...	0·00
Muskat (30th June)	101·3	90·1	...	0·00
Multan	105·8	85·0	...	1·55
Rawalpindi	104·9	75·9	...	2·23
Lahore	110·4	83·2	...	2·10
Sirsa	110·3	87·0	...	1·96
Ambala	108·5	88 9	...	4·18
Delhi	106·5	...	...	3·80
Agra	104·0	90·5	...	0·76
Mainpuri	106·8	90·1	...	2·48
Jhansi	106·5	85·5	...	2·17
Cawnpore	110·2	87·9	...	0·05
Allahabad	107·6	85·5	...	2·18
Jacobabad	110·1	81·8	...	0 00
Karachi	86·6	80 0	...	0 00
Ajmer	92·4	87·2	...	1·61
Jaipur	99 2	81·1	...	4·57
Kotah	103·5	83·6	...	2·41
Bhuj	92 0	79 5	...	1·62
Dwarka	86·8	80·7	...	0·74
Veraval	85·1	80·3	...	2·75
Rajkot	96·1	79·0	...	2·12
Bhavnagar Para	93·6	80 0	...	3·00
Surat	91·1	77·6	0·14	5·57
Ahmedabad	98·6	75·7	0·48	4·88
Deesa	98·8	78 9	...	2·74
Neemuch	92·9	76·2	...	5·92
Indore	92·1	75·1	...	4·13
Jubbulpore	98·3	78 3	...	6·00
Sangor	96 6	76·6	...	8·72
Hoshangabad	99·6	78·9	...	3·93
Khandwa	98 7	78·1	...	2·06
Akola	99·2	78·1	...	4·25
Amraoti	98·8	76·3	...	6·10
Nagpur	97·6	77·8	...	15·55
Chanda	92·5	77·5	0·14	9 84
Saipur	96·2	78·6	0·04	15·45
Bombay	89·3	81·3	...	10·85
Ratnagiri	85·3	79·9	0·12	21·54
Mormugao	83·0	77·7	0,19	25·01
Karwar	85 8	74·5	0·48	19·66
Malegaon	96·4	74·1	...	3·38
Ahmednagar	93·9	70·5	...	2·16
Poona	88·0	70·8	...	4·40
Sholapur	78 3	71·9	0 38	4·23
Bijapur	80·2	71·2	0·30	1·93
Belgaum	77·3	69·5	...	8·87
Aurangabad	94·2	72·7	...	4·36
Nizamabad (Indur)	95·4	78·2	...	4·00
Hyderabad	89·3	75·7	...	2·59
Mangalore	84·8	69·8	0·21	39·11
Calicut	82·8	76 6	...	38·03
Cochin	?	75·1	0·48	38·05
Colombo	87·5	78 0	0·03	5·76
Masulipatam	102·2	80·2	0·05	1·90
Bellary	92·0	75·8	...	0·15
Cuddapah	93·7	72·6	0·12	3·91
Madras	100·5	81·0	...	0·63
Bangalore	85·3	66·8	0·22	2·66
Coimbatore	90·4	71·8	...	5·81
Trichinopoly	96·6	77·8	...	1·21
Negapatam	99·0	80 0	...	1·77

H. A. ARMSTRONG,
Meteorologist, Bombay.

SPORTING NEWS.

CRICKET.

Bombay Gymkhana.

MATCH WITH ELPHINSTONIANS.

THE annual match between the Bombay Gymkhana and the Students, Past and Present, of the Elphinstone College, came off on Saturday on the Esplanade and provided some very enjoyable sport The Gymkhana, winning the toss, elected to bat on a true wicket, and made 178, to which the Elphinstonians responded with a total of 144 for four wickets. The concluding stage of the game provided some excitement, as half an hour before the time fixed for drawing stumps, the Elphinstonians had about forty runs to make and a little enterprise on their part would have enabled them to snatch the victory. Chothia tried to force the pace, but, as he received no assistance from his last partner who preferred stonewalling, a draw seemed inevitable and his side had still 35 runs to make for a win when time was called.

The Gymkhana batsmen did well to knock up a total of 178, though the weakness in attack of their opponents detracted somewhat from the merit of their batting. All of those who contributed double figure scores played sound cricket, but one noticed an absence of dash in the play of some of them. Cumberledge, who possesses fine punishing powers and who played an exhilarative game, was an exception. E. L. Sale made the highest individual score for his side and everybody was glad to see the old Presidency player in form, though it was noticed that he is not quite the same fine bat that he was half a decade ago. He nevertheless played good cricket except for a chance which he gave in the long field while at 9. Cumberledge, who contributed the next highest individual score, played with freedom. He should prove an invaluable member of the Gymkhana team. From the spectators' point of view his was the most attractive batting display of the day, his fine drives and daring pulls to legs being loudly applauded. Included in his score was a boundary hit. Christie and Halliley also played fine cricket, the former's contribution being unmarred by a single chance. Halliley did not run up a big score, but his batting impressed everybody. For the Elphinstonians, Chothia made the highest individual score, which included no less than ten fours. He seemed a little uncomfortable with Purcell's deliveries in the beginning, but soon settled down to work and his fine batting provided the spectators with a rare treat. D. K. Kapadia hit up the next best score for his side. This batsman, who was one of the reserves for the All-India Cricket Team, gave a fine display of driving, making the ball travel at terrific speed, and his contribution included eight 4's and one 6. The scores ;

BOMBAY GYMKHANA.

1st Innings.

F E R Brooke Capt, c Umrigar, b Batliwalla	13
W S Halliley, c Kapadia, b Batliwalla	20
F F Stileman, c Dadachanji, b Driver	8
E E Christie, b Driver	33
R T Mackenzie, c and b Driver	0
E L Sale, c Chothia, b Marrs	46
R C Cumberledge, c Umrigar, b Batliwalla	42
V H Purcell, c and b Marrs	0
J S Milne, b Batliwalla	5
R E A Elliott, c Cama, b Marrs	0
F J Clarke, not out	3
Extras	8
Total	178

ELPHINSTONIANS—Past and Present.

S M Chothia, st Brooke, b Milne	72
A Wadia, c Halliley, b Purcell	4
D K Kapadia (Capt), b Halliley	46
A Driver, run out	9
G Palwanker, not out	1
Extras	12
Total (for 4 wkts)	144

R. Marrs, J. Batliwalla, D. D. Umrigar, J. Cama H. Setna and H Dadachanji did not bat.

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

Bombay Gymkhana.

	O.	R.	M.	W.
Driver	18	53	4	3
Fatliwalla	17	70	2	4
Palwankar	4	22	0	0
Dadachanji	3	14	0	0
Marrs	4	11	0	0

Elphinstonians—Past and Present.

	O.	R.	M.	W.
Milne	9	25	2	1
Purcell	9	36	3	1
Clarke	6	33	0	0
Halliley	5	28	0	1
Elliott	2	10	0	3

BOMBAY MAHOMEDANS vs. POONA GYMKHANA.

A one day match between the above teams was played at Poona on Saturday and ended in a win for the Poona Gymkana by 141 runs. The scores were :—

POONA GYMKHANA.

Major Southey, b Tumboowala	7
Major Douglas, not out	104
Major Greig, b Mandviwala	19
Mr. Armytage, b Tumboowala	34
Capt Haughton, b Tumboowala	21
Mr Gore Brown, b Tumboowala	5
Mr Shute, c and b Mahomed	1
Capt T Lucas, b Tumboowala	6
Mr Curtis, l b w b Tumboowala	7
Col Rosher, b Tumboowala	4
Mr Little, l b w b Tumboowala	9
Extras	28
Total	255

BOMBAY MAHOMEDANS.

M I Naik b Southey	3
J T Mandviwala b Gore Brown	2
Sheik Papa b Southey	18
K H Contractor c Col Rosher b Southey	0
Yusuf Beg c Little b Gore Brown	7
Tamboowala c Col Rosher b Gore Brown	0
S Mahomed b Gore Brown	9
Wali Ahmed b Gore Brown	11
S Idroos not out	22
S Mohindeen c Col Rosher b Shute	16
M A Tyabjee b Shute	2
Extras	24
Total	114

STORES C. C. vs. B. B. AND C. I. RY. 'B' TEAM.

This match was played on the Marine Lines ground on Saturday and resulted in a win for the Stores. Scores :—

B, B, AND C. I. RAILWAY, 'B' TEAM.

1st Innings.

D'Souza, c Bulsara, b Romer	4
Balaram, c P Malone, b Romer	4
Bhawnare, c Shamrao, b Romer	1
Rustomji, b James	0
Veevers, c P Malone, b Romer	0
Timthy, b James	9
Maganlal, b James	0
Wilson, b James	0
Balkrishna, b Romer	2
Hiraji, b Romer	0
Janardhan, not out	0
Extras	5
Total	25

2nd Innings.

D'Souza, not out	1
Balaram, not out	0
Bhawnare, c Hunter, b Romer	6
Rustomji, b Romer	7
Veevers, b James	0
Timthy, b James	0
Maganlal, b Romer	31
Wilson, Balkrishna, Hiraji	Did not bat
Janardhan, c Bulsara, b Romer	0
Extras	8
Total	53

STORES, C. C.

Shamrao, c Balkrishna, b Hiraji	19
Bulsara, c Veevers, b Hiraji	0
Olusjone, c Janardhan, b Maganlal	25
P Malone, b Hiraji	17
A Hunter, c and b Maganlal	9
H Girs, st Balaram, b Magaulal	6
R J James, c Maganlal, b Wilson	35
V Romer, not out	15
H Snelleks, not out	0
J Thomas, W McDovell	Did not bat
Extras	25
Total	151

B. I. TRUST C. C vs. GRINDLAY GROOM C. C.

This match was played on the Marine Lines ground on Saturday, and resulted in a win for the B. I. Trust C. C. by 37 runs. Scores:—

B. I. TRUST C. C.

Prabhavalker, c Writer, b Limjee	13
Sorabjee, c Writer, b Limjee	4
Byramjee, c Writer, b Driver	11
Kent, b Driver	4
Hawkins, c Writer, b Limjee	5
Desai, c Dajee, b Limjee	15
Orr, l b w b Limjee	18
Bharucha, not out	18
Shroff, c Davar, b Motiwalla	8
Wadeker, b Motiwalla	3
Chandarana, c Limjee, b Motiwalla	5
Extras	17
Total	121

GRINDLAY GROOM C. C.

Kapadia, c Sorabji, b Chandarana	10
Dajee, b

BY THE WAY.

LETTERS OF GLUCK.

A despatch from Vienna announces an interesting discovery of letters written by Gluck, the composer. A Viennese antiquary named Ranschburg is the lucky finder, and there are thirty letters in all. Very little is said as to the nature of the letters, but it is stated that none of them has hitherto been published. They were written between 1775 and 1783, and would, therefore, be at the time when the illustrious musician produced "Armide" and "Iphigenie en Tauride." All the letters are addressed to Herr Kruthofer, Secretary to the Austrian Embassy in Paris.

NEED FOR GARDENING GLOVES.

It is difficult to connect the most peaceful and healthful of human occupations with liability to one of the most deadly of human maladies, and many old-fashioned gardeners are inclined to scoff at the very mention of tetanus. Yet a Court of Session case recently decided presents only one of several instances that suggests a very real danger for those who are not as careful in handling bacterial earth as in the handling of any other chemical or highly organic substance. The gardening glove is, says the "Glasgow Herald," apparently not a merely effeminate or superfluos accessory to horticultural pursuits.

LIKE SHAKESPEARE.

It was not desired that there should be an official representative of the Bard of Avon at the Shakespeare Ball, but all the same, the London correspondent of the "Sheffield Telegraph" found that several gentlemen who bear a facial resemblance to Shakespeare, more or less striking, offered to be Shakespeare, for one night. One of these was the Duke of Marlborough and another Mr. Francis Howard, the founder and chairman of the International Society of Sculptors, Painters, and Gravers The latter, however, abandoned his intention, and contented himself with appearing as one of the characters in Lady Mond's set of "Richard II.," a play which offers as compensation the opportunity of wearing very fine costumes. Another gentleman who might pass as Shakespeare, with a little judicious making up, is Lord Portsmouth, the former Under-Secretary for War, and, of course, there is also Mr. Hall Caine.

AMBASSADOR, PASTOR AND VIOLONIST.

The Rev. J. F. Dickie, formerly minister of the American Church in Berlin, has recently published his Memoirs. A Paris contemporary reproduces from the pastor's book what it terms "une piquante anecdotes." It seems that Mr. Dickie, some years ago, attended with Mr. White, the United States Ambassador, a concert and was seated near Joachim, the celebrated violinist. During an interval the Ambassador noticed that Joachim was in particularly good humour, so he said to Mr. Dickie, "now is your opportunity to ask Joachim to give a concert in aid of the funds for the American Church, and promise him that if he does so he shall be admitted to the American heaven." Mr. Dickie took hint, with the result, which follows.

TRYING AN EXPERIMENT.

Following the Ambassador's hint, Mr. Dickie went up to Joachim and pronounced the question. Joachim, who was amused, replied, in a bantering way: "Is the American heaven particularly blue" "Magnificent beyond all expression," replied the minister. "But" queried Joachim, are you sure that you and Mr. White have sufficient influence to ensure my admission." Now the minister was for a moment nonplussed, but his resource was equal to the occasion. "Listen, Professor Joachim," he said "to a story which is true." A rich Scotsman was on his deathbed, and he sent for his minister. The dying man had not lived too good a life, so he asked the clergyman if he left £20,000 for good works whether that would reconcile him to offended heaven. The minister told the sick man that he was not certain, but advised him to make the experiment." "Very well," was Joachim's answer. "I also will try the experiment."

"PROOF OF IDENTITY."

I remember, says a writer in "M.A.P.," being told not long ago by an English friend that I was unfair in my strictures upon the red tape of the French officials. "There is red tape everywhere," he said. While we were talking this over I was opening letters. One of them contained a postal order for five shillings. I went with my friend to the nearest post-office. We were told that the postal order could only be cashed at the central office, which was two miles away. There I was asked for proof of my identity. I asked what that was. I was told that what was needed was an elector's card, two envelopes addressed to me, which had gone, through the post, or a passport. I had none of these things in my pocket. And I should have gone away without my five shillings, which had already cost me a cab fare, unless I had happened to remember an indiarubber stamp which I had just bought. This was accepted as "proof of identity."

BOTTLING FRUIT.

The following points are to be observed in bottling fruit, says the "Smallholder":—

1. Fruit should be whole and sound.
2. Fruit in each bottle should be even in size.
3. Fruit should be slightly under-ripe.
4. If syrup be used, make it of white lump sugar for the sake of appearance.
5. Remove all stalks and calyces from fruit.

Syrup may be used of any desired density, but it should not be less sweet than at the rate of half a pound of sugar to one quart of water; probably it is better to make it sweeter or to use water only. In the latter case the fruit retains its natural flavour.

Apples, pears, peaches, &c., should have the skins removed.

WASHING MOTOR-CARS.

The soap that should be used for washing motor-cars is that which has in it that quality known as neutrality, and the way to ascertain this is to make a fairly strong solution, and apply the litmus test. This, says the "Gentlewoman," can be done by dipping into it a strip, or part of a strip, of blue litmus paper, which can be obtained from any druggist. If the soap is "acid," the paper will turn red, and the soap is unsuitable for its purpose. A test for alkalinity, which latter is also bad for varnish and paint, is made in a similar way by immersing a piece of litmus that has been turned red in an acid solution, in a solution of soap suspected of being alkaline. It is impossible to find a soap absolutely neutral, but if the paper does not change at once, or within two or three minutes, the soap may be considered safe to use.

THE SECRET OF THE GLOW-WORM.

The enterprising Surrey farmer who is prepared to supply glow-worms for the purpose of illuminating lawns and gardens will do a good stroke of business if he can induce his glow-worms to yield up the secret of their marvellously efficient light. The most economical artificial illuminant only gives us in light some 4 per cent. of the energy necessary to generate it, whereas between 96 and 100 per cent. of the energy radiated by the glow-worm reaches our eyes as light. As Sir James Dewar expressed it recently, the electric-light engineer supplies us with a whole sheep to satisfy our longing for a chop, and as a result we have to pay for great quantities of energy which run to waste. The glow-worm is the most efficient of all light engineers, and when its secret is discovered, and artificial light can be produced as economically, our quarterly lighting accounts will scarcely be worth the cost of collecting.

THE PREVALENCE OF ADDERS.

One of the signs of the exceedingly hot and arid conditions of the spring is the unusual number of adders that have been met with on all places of their resort. Not only so, but it appears, according to "Country Life," that their bite has been more than normally venomous. As a rule a dog that is bitten by an adder suffers severely from "swelled head" for several days, but by the end of a week or so is all right again. This year there have been reports of dogs being affected for a good deal longer, and in one case, that of a spaniel which was in perfect health when bitten, death resulted. This is quite unusual. It follows that special attention should be given at such times to any patient, human or canine, that has been bitten by an adder.

KING EDWARD'S STAFF.

—After the Coronation Chair, one of the most suggestive emblems that will have a part in the crowning ceremony is the Sceptre, or King Edward's Staff. It is the traditional Sceptre of the Confessor, who died in 1065, and is a rod of gold about 4ft. 7 1-2in. long, with a steel pike at the lower end, and a mound and cross at the top. But some allege that the Confessor's Sceptre was, with other regalia, ruthlessly destroyed by the coarse Cromwellians in 1649, and, indeed, it does seem pretty well established that the Confessor's staff of our time does not go further back than the reign of the second James.

SCIENTIFIC NOTES.

FLIGHT OF BIRDS IN IRELAND.

In the "Irish Naturalist" for June, Mr. R. M. Barrington records a remarkable rush of birds which occurred on the night of March 29. These extraordinary flights were observed at various lighthouses and lightships along the coast from Balbriggan, north of Dublin, to the Old Head of Kinsale, south of Cork. They were also seen and recorded at several towns in S. E. Ireland. Mr. Barrington collects and gives an interesting summary of the observation made at these various stations. As regards species, starlings seem to have predominated in most of the flights observed, then curlews, thrushes, blackbirds, and redwings. Cormorants, herons, gulls, skylarks, goldcrests, and many other species were also observed.

ON LAND.

The general direction of flight was to the north-east. Quotations from various reports will convey the best idea of these remarkable flights. Thus an observer in Waterford writes:—"The telegraph wires along the quay were full. Where there was any light in a window, they were dashing against it. A Post Office official opened a window and a number of birds flew in. A postman, when cycling across the bridge, said that the birds were so numerous that he was struck by them several times. Between four and five in the morning, they appeared like a cloud which covered several miles." At new Rose, "a swarm of starlings, numbering several thousands, descended on the town, filling the streets, houses, and yards. Numbers got into the houses, and broke the windows in their flutterings, while vast numbers dropped on the river Barrow, beside the gas-lights, and were drowned."

AT THE LIGHTHOUSES AND LIGHTSHIPS.

From the South Arklow lightship, the following notes have been received:—"March 30th.—Blackbirds, starlings, and thrushes in large numbers about the ship all night. The ship was covered with starlings and blackbirds on the morning of the 31st, and on April 1, starlings in numbers rested on the ship." The keeper, of the Tuskar lighthouse writes:—"There was an enormous lot of starlings on the night of March 30; the rock and balcony were completly covered with them, and several hundreds were killed. There was also a lot of thrushes and blackbirds." The captain of the "Colleen" Bawn, again, reports that "On the night of the 29th March about eleven o'clock, after crossing Drogheda bar, millions of birds joined the boat. Among them were a number of curlew. On the following night, coming from Liverpool, about 12 o'clock, large numbers of birds came on board, and flew all round the steamer. About 3 a.m., an enormous mass hovered round and perched on every part of the vessel, including the funnel.

THE EXPLANATION.

The general explanation of this great rush of birds over certain parts of Ireland is that they are migrants passing from their winter quarters in the south to their breeding places further north. Held back by the cold northerly or easterly winds which prevailed over France and the British Isles for weeks previous to the 29th, they collected in large numbers in Southern Europe, "like passengers at a railway station, anxious to proceed upon their journey, but unable to do so owing to a breakdown on the line." Then the wind suddenly changed to the south at Valentia and the Scilly Islands on March 29. "This favourable change, coupled with a southerly wind in the mouth of the Channel, so to speak, liberated the birds, and as the wind still continued north-east and east over England, they decided to take a longer and more exhausting course than usual, and travel towards Ireland, and then turn north-east." But it was a moonless night, and a fog and drizzling rain prevailed on the Irish coast, and, wearied and bewildered, they were attracted by the lighthouse lanterns and the glare of the town lamps.

RADIUM IN MINERAL WATERS.

It is now generally believed that a part, at any rate, of the benefit derived from a course of mineral waters is due to the radium emanations, in the same. And this explains why such a course is less beneficial if taken at home. For in bottling such waters lose their radium emanations. In an article in "Die Umschau," of which an abstract appears in the "Scientific American," Dr. Bickel shows how the advantages of the mineral course due to radium can be obtained at home. He finds that water impregnated with radium emanations may be taken with good results. The effects last longer if taken after a full meal. It may be also inhaled in an "Emanatorium," that is, a room of which the air is impregnated with emanations of radium. But to prevent loss of the emanations such an apartment cannot be properly ventilated. To obviate this difficulty, Dr. Bickel has invented an apparatus for inhaling them directly from a solution in water. Into a large bottle, the solution of radium emanations is allowed to fall drop by drop as required from a smaller one. From the former the emanations are inhaled by the patient.

TECHNICHALITY OF PHOTOGRAPHIC JOURNALS.

Occasionally it is made a reproach to the photographic journals that their pages are occupied in large parts by accounts of processes in which the ordinary worker has little interest and no hope of success. "This talk about your bichromate and oil no meaning for me" you will frequently hear from the lips of a fellow-worker. I do not think that the criticism is justified. Most of the journals for amateurs give space to the absolute beginner, and as a sympathising journalist I stand appalled at the mere thought of producing a paper week by week which would be wholly concerned with what we may call the ordinary processes of photography. One cannot go on eternally writing elementary text-books, and even if they do not themselves practice the esoteric methods most photographers like to know the manner in which the pictures they admire at exhibitions are produced. The number of the elect who are successful in difficult processes will always be small, but to their labours we owe the immense advance that all photographic processes have made.

AMATEURS' LACK OF ENTERPRISE.

It has to be admitted that the immense bulk of amateur photographers never attempt these more difficult processes, or, attempting them, cease their investigations in disgust at the results obtained. These men make little or no advance. They are constantly dropping out of the ranks because they get to a certain point and advance no further. In many cases they have not the time for experiments. If they have the time they have not the talent to obtain results that satisfy them. Frequently they run through a kind of fever in which they buy new lenses and cameras, convinced that in the want of these lies their failure. They set out to new lands, because they cannot see the subjects for exhibition pictures about their own doors. From each quest they return more dissatisfied than before. The end of it all is that they give up photography, and their apparatus figures in the catalogues of the second-hand dealers.

ADVICE TO DESPONDENT PHOTOGRAPHERS.

To all men in despondent mood about their work it seems worth while to say that the very best remedy for their disease is to be content with the apparatus they have, with the scenery about them, and with some process which presents no technical difficulties because these have been mastered. Go to work to discover what can be done by pure photography, without striving after manipulative methods which require a knowledge of and some training in art. Learn to study simple things, to photograph them in every aspect, until the most satisfactory rendering is obtained. Above all, learn to observe. A camera may take whatever is before the lens, but the photographer himself has first to point the lens. In doing that the picture is made or marred. Success is far more likely to be achieved with the familiar scenes about one. They can be studied in all aspects of lighting and at all season, and the failures of to-day may point the way to success to-morrow. In pure photography there is a charm that is not to be exceeded by that of the hand-work processes.

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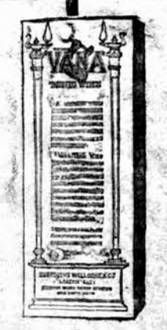

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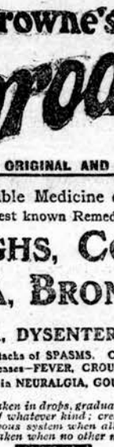

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